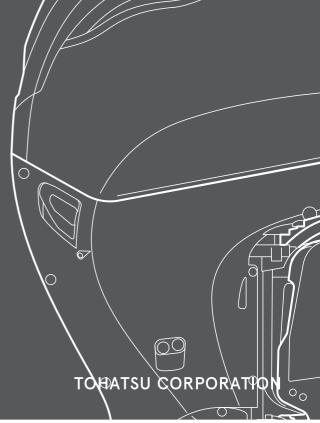
OWNER'S MANUAL



MFS 75A MFS 90A MFS 115A





MWARNING:

This product can expose you to chemicals including gasoline engine exhaust, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and carbon monoxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov.

ENOM00001-0

AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SAFE LOCATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

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YOUR TOHATSU OUTBOARD MOTOR

ENOM00006-A

To You, Our Customer

Thank you for selecting a TOHATSU outboard motor. You are now the proud owner of an excellent outboard motor that will service you for many years to come.

This manual should be read in its entirety and the inspection and maintenance procedures described later in this manual should be followed carefully. Should a problem arise with the outboard motor, please follow the troubleshooting procedures listed at the end of this manual. If the problem persists, contact an authorized TOHATSU service shop or dealer.

All information in this manual is based on the latest product information available at the time of approval for printing.

Tohatsu Corporation reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation.

Please always keep this manual together with the outboard motor as a reference to everyone who uses the outboard motor. If the outboard motor is resold, make sure the manual is passed on to the next owner.

We hope you will enjoy your outboard motor and wish you good luck in your boating adventures.

TOHATSU CORPORATION

ENOM00002-0

OWNER REGISTRATION AND IDENTIFICATION

Upon purchasing this product, be sure that the WARRANTY CARD is correctly and completely filled out and mailed to the addressee noted there on. This WARRANTY CARD identifies you as the legal owner of the product and serves as your warranty registration.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, YOUR OUTBOARD MOTOR WILL NOT BE COVERED BY THE APPLICABLE LIMITED WARRANTY, IF THIS PROCEDURE IS NOT FOLLOWED.

ENOM00003-0

PRE-DELIVERY CHECK

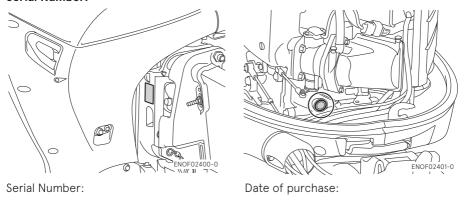
Be sure that the product has been checked by an authorized TOHATSU dealer before you take delivery.

ENOM00005-A

Serial Number

In the space below, please record the outboard motor's serial number (indicated both on the swivel bracket and on the cylinder block). The serial number will be needed when ordering parts, and when making technical or warranty inquiries.

Serial Number:



ENOM00007-0

NOTICE: DANGER/WARNING/CAUTION/Note

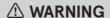
Before installing, operating or otherwise handling your outboard motor, be sure to thoroughly read and understand this Owner's Manual and carefully follow all of the instructions. Of particular importance is information preceded by the words "DANGER," "WARNING," "CAUTION," and "Note." Always pay special attention to such information to ensure safe operation of the outboard motor at all times.

FNOW00001-0

⚠ DANGER

Failure to observe will result in severe personal injury or death, and possibly property damage.

ENOW00002-0



Failure to observe could result in severe personal injury or death, or property damage.

ENOW00003-0

A CAUTION

Failure to observe could result in personal injury or property damage.

ENON00001-0

Note

This instruction provides special information to facilitate the use or maintenance of the outboard motor or to clarify important points.

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■ GENERAL SAFETY INFORMATION

ENOM00009-0

SAFE OPERATION OF BOAT

As the operator/driver of the boat, you are responsible for the safety of those aboard and those in other boat around yours, and for following local boating regulations. You should be thoroughly knowledgeable on how to correctly operate the boat, outboard motor, and accessories. To learn about the correct operation and maintenance of the outboard motor, please read through this manual carefully.

It is very difficult for a person standing or floating in the water to take evasive action should he or she see a power boat heading in his/her direction, even at a slow speed. Therefore, when your boat is in the immediate vicinity of people in the water, the outboard motor should be shifted to neutral and shut off.

ENOW00005-0

⚠ WARNING

SERIOUS INJURY IS LIKELY IF A PERSON IN THE WATER MAKES CONTACT WITH A MOVING BOAT, GEAR HOUSING, PROPELLER, OR ANY SOLID DEVICE RIGIDLY ATTACHED TO A BOAT OR GEAR HOUSING.

FNOM00247-0

STOP SWITCH LANYARD

The engine can be stopped with pulling out the stop switch lock from the stop switch. The stop switch lanyard is the coiled red cord with the stop switch lock on one end and a metal clip on the other end. With attaching the stop switch lanyard to the operator's body part or operator's personal flotation device (PFD), the engine will stop when the stop switch lanyard is being stretched and pulled out the lock from the switch when the operator falls accidentally overboard or leaves from operator's position. This function can be prevent losing control of and minimize or prevent risk of collision with boats, people and other objects. It is operator's responsibility to use the stop switch lanyard.

ENOW00004-1

! WARNING

Accidental activation of the Stop Switch (such as the tether being pulled out in heavy seas) could cause passengers to lose their balance and even fall overboard, or it could result in loss of power in heavy seas, strong currents, or high winds. Loss of control while mooring is another potential hazard.

To minimize accidental activation of the Stop Switch, the 500 mm (20 inch.) stop switch lanyard is coiled and can extended to a full 1300 mm (51 inch.).

ENOM00800-A

PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICE

As the operator/driver and passenger of the boat, you are responsible to wear a PFD (Personal Flotation Device) while on the boat.

ENOM00010-0

SERVICING, REPLACEMENT PARTS & LUBRICANTS

We recommend that only an authorized service shop perform service or maintenance on this outboard motor. Be sure to use genuine parts, genuine lubricants, or recommended lubricants

ENOM00011-A

MAINTENANCE

As the owner of this outboard motor, you should be acquainted with correct maintenance procedures following maintenance section of this manual (See page 62). It is the operator's responsibility to perform all safety checks and to ensure that all lubrication and maintenance instructions are complied with for safe operation. Please comply with all instructions concerning lubrication and maintenance. You should take the engine to an authorized dealer or service shop for periodic inspection at the prescribed intervals. Correct periodic maintenance and proper care of this outboard motor will reduce the chance of problems and limit overall operating expenses.

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning Hazard

Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which can be fatal if inhaled for any length of time.

Never start or operate the engine indoors or in any space which is not well ventilated.

Gasoline

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive. Use extreme care when handling gasoline. You should be thoroughly knowledgeable on how to correctly handle gasoline by reading this manual.

■ SPECIFICATIONS

ENOM00810-A

MODEL FEATURE

Model		F75A	F90A	F115A
Туре		ET	ET	ET
Transom heights	L	•	•	•
	UL		•	•
Multi-function tiller ha	andle	(●)	(●)	(●)
Remote Control		(●)	(●)	(●)
Power Trim & Tilt		•	•	•

(•) These models can be purchased with remote rigging kit or multi-function tiller handle.

ENOM00811-A

MODEL NAME EXAMPLE

F 115A ETL

F	115	Α	E	Т	L
Model descrip- tion	Horse power	Product genera- tion	Starter system	Tilt system	Shaft length
F= Four stroke	-	A and up	E= Electrical start	T= Power trim&tilt	L= Long 20 in UL= Ultra long 25 in

ENOM00013-0

ET

		F75/90/115A			
Item	MODEL	ET (with RC)	ET (with multi-function tiller handle)		
Overall Length	mm (in)	826 (32.50)	1541 (60.7)		
Overall Width	mm (in)	54	40 (21.3)		
Overall Height L·UL	mm (in)	1652 (65	5.1) 1779 (70.1)		
Transom Height L·UL	mm (in)	517 (20.	4) 644 (25.4)		
Weight*	L kg (lb)	178.0 (392)	182.5 (402)		
Weignt	UL kg (lb)	182.5 (402)	187.0 (412)		
Max. Output	kW (ps)	75A:55 (75) 90A	A:66 (90) 115A:85 (115)		
Max. Operating Range	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	50	00-6000		
Idle Speed	min ⁻¹ (rpm)		700		
Engine Type		4-Stroke	e fuel injection		
Number of Cylinder			4		
Bore × Stroke	mm (in)	84 × 90) (3.31 × 3.54)		
Piston Displacement	cm3 (Cu in)	199	95 (121.6)		
Exhaust System		Through	n hub exhaust		
Cooling System		Water cooling	g (with thermostat)		
Lubrication System		Wet sump (Trochoid pump)			
Starting System		Electric starter motor			
Ignition System		Battery ignition			
Spark Plug		NG	GK LKR6E		
Alternator		12	2V - 41A		
Trim position			2		
Trim angle	Degree		8-24		
Tilt up angle	Degree		75		
Steering angle	Degree		70		
	Grade	API Standards SH,	SJ, SL, SAE: 10W-30/40		
Engine Oil	mL(US/ Imp.qt.)	4200 (4.4/3.7) wit	th oil filter replacement		
	Grade	Genuine Gear C	0il or GL5, SAE#80-90		
Gear Oil	mL(US/ Imp.oz.)	1000 (34/35)			
Fuel		Unleaded petrol 87 Octar	ne (Reseach octane rating of 91)		
Gear shift		Dog clutch (F-N-R)			
Gear Reduction Ratio		2.08 (25:12)			
Battery (minimum reqire	ments)	70Ah/20HR, 512CCA			
Emission Control System		SFI (Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection)			

		F75/90/115A			
Item	MODEL	ET (with RC)	ET (with multi-function tiller handle)		
Operator Sound Pr 39/94 Rev.1) dB (A)		9	0.4		
Hand Vibration Lev Rev.1) m/s ²	vel (ICOMIA 38/94		5.6		

Remark: Specifications subject to change without notice.

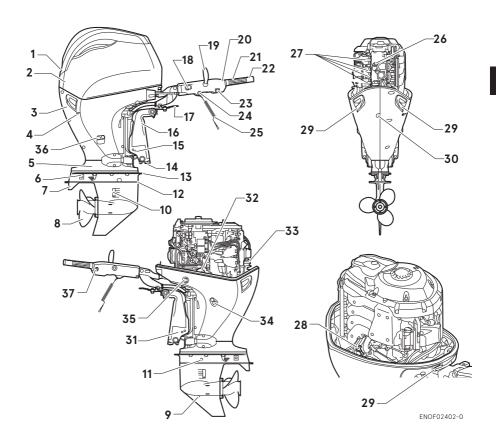
Tohatsu outboard is power rated in accordance with ISO8665 (propeller shaft output).

^{*}With propeller

PARTS NAME

ENOM00820-0

ET (with multi-function tiller handle)



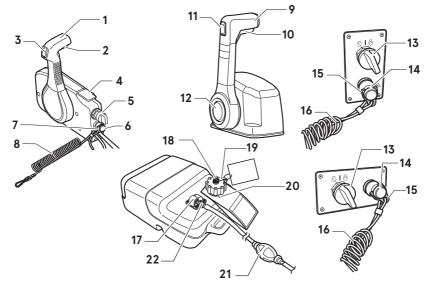
- 1 Air Guide
- 2 Top Cowl
- 3 Bottom Cowl
- 4 Cooling Water Check Port
- 5 Drive Shaft Housing
- 6 Anode
- 7 Trim Tab
- 8 Propeller
- 9 Oil Plug (Lower)
- 10 Cooling Water Inlet
- 11 Oil Plug (Upper)
- 12 Anti-ventilation Plate
- 13 Splash Plate

- 14 Anode
- 15 Thrust Rod
- 16 Clamp Bracket
- 17 Steering Friction Lever
- 18 Main Switch Key
- 19 Shift Lever
- 20 Tiller Handle
- 21 Throttle Grip
- 22 PTT Switch
- 23 Warning Lamp
- 24 Stop Switch
- 25 Stop Switch Lanyard
- 26 Oil Filler Cap

- 27 Spark Plug
- 28 Oil Level Gauge
- 29 Cowl Hook Lever
- 30 Idle Port
- 31 Manual Valve
- 32 Oil Filter
- 33 Fuel Filter
- 34 Flushing Connector Cap
- 35 PTT Switch
- 36 Oil Drain Bolt
- 37 Throttle Friction Screw

ENOM00822-0

Remote control box & Fuel tank



ENOF02403-A

- 1 Control Lever
- 2 Neutral lock arm
- 3 PTT switch
- 4 Free throttle lever
- 5 Main switch
- 6 Stop switch
- 7 Stop switch lock
- 8 Stop switch lanyard
- 9 Control lever
- 10 Neutral lock arm

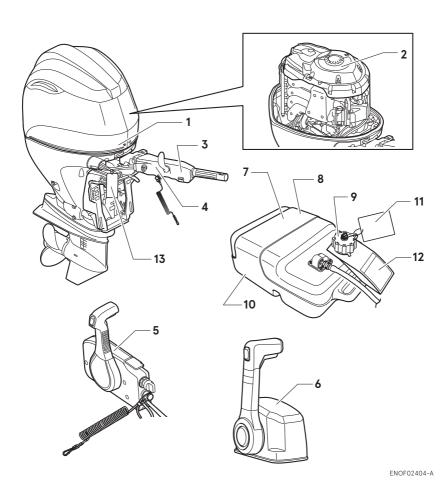
- 11 PTT switch
- 12 Neutral throttle button
- 13 Main switch
- 14 Stop switch
- 15 Stop switch lock
- 16 Stop switch lanyard
- 17 Fuel gauge
- 18 Air vent screw
- 19 Fuel tank cap

- 20 Tab lock
- 21 Primer bulb
- **22** Fuel connector (Fuel tank side)

■ LABEL LOCATIONS

ENOM00019-A

Warning label locations



1. Warning regarding urge to read the owner's manual.



3WL-72180-000

2. Warning regarding rotating parts, electrical shock, high temperature and fuel treatment.



355-/2181-000

For tiller handle model

3. Indicator regarding engine failure/malfunction (See page 31).



ENOF00005-C

For tiller handle model

4. Warning regarding stop switch (See page 39 and page 50)



ENOF00005-P

For RC model

5. Warning regarding stop switch lanyard.



ENOF00005-E

For Top mount RC

6. Warning regarding urge to read the owner's manual.



ENOF00120-0

7. Warning regarding gasoline.



ENOF00005-E

8. Warning regarding gasoline (See page 26).



ENOF00005-F

9. Warning tag regarding combination of the fuel tank and primer bulb ass'y (See page 37).



ENOF00010-0

10. Warning tag regarding instructions of the fuel tank cap (See page 27).



ENOF00011-0

11. Warning regarding fuel tank cap (See page 27)



ENOF00012-0

12. Caution tag regarding for replenish the engine oil. (See page 28).

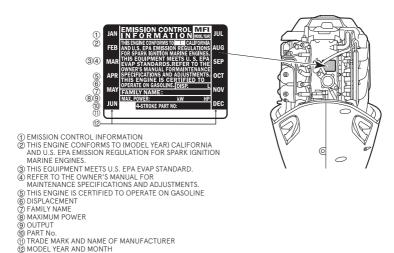


3VJ-72044-000

7

ENOM00019-A

ECI (Emission Control Information) label location



EPA Emissions Regulations

Outboards sold by Tohatsu America Corporation in the United States are certified to the United States Environmental Protection Agency as conforming to the requirements of the regulations for the control of air pollution from new outboard engines. This certification is contingent on certain adjustments being set to factory standards. For this reason, the factory procedure for servicing the product must be strictly followed and, wherever practicable, returned to the original intent of the design.

Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any marine engine repair establishment or individual. FNOF02405-A

The Emission Control Information label was affixed to engines as permanent evidence of EPA certification.

Emissions Warranty Coverage WARRANTY INFORMATION Four Stroke Outboard Limited Warranty

Canadian and California residents who have purchased an outboard motor from a Canadian and California dealer receive additional warranty coverage for specific emissions related components. To fully understand your warranty coverage please read our standard warranty statement and the Emission Warranty Statement provided by your dealer.

■ INSTALLATION

ENOM01800-0

1. Mounting the outboard motor on boat

FNOW00961-0

⚠ WARNING

Do not over-power the boat and take care not to over-load the engine. Boat manufacturers specify the maximum allowable engine power and complement of their boat in accordance with certain standards and show the data on the plate attached to the boat. For unknown matters, if any, inquire to the manufacturer of the boat.

ENOW00962-0

! WARNING

Never use boat equipped with an outboard motor that outputs power exceeding the maximum allowable limit specified by the manufacturer of the boat, or the following problems can occur:

- The boat can go out of control.
- The buoyancy property of the boat varies from the designed value if the boat is overloaded especially at the transom.
- The boat may crack or be damaged around the transom.

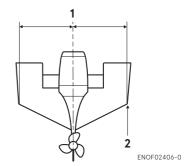
Over-powering boats can cause serious injury, fatal accident and/or serious damages to the hull.

Outboard motor mounting must be performed by trained service person(s) using proper tools.

ENOM00025-0

Position ... Above keel line

Place the outboard motor in the center of the boat's transom.



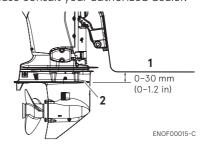
- 1. Center of boat
- 2. Chine

ENOM01801-0

Transom matching

Be sure that the anti ventilation plate of the outboard motor should align with the bottom of the hull or should not exceed more than 30mm (1.2in) below the bottom of the hull.

If the above condition cannot be met due to the shape of the bottom of your boat, please consult your authorized dealer.



- 1. Bottom of hull
- 2. Anti ventilation plate

ENOW00007-0

⚠ CAUTION

 Before beginning the running test, check that the boat with maximum capacity loading floats on the water in a proper attitude. Check the position of water surface on the driveshaft housing. If the 5

water surface is near the bottom cowling, in high waves, water may enter the engine cylinders.

 Incorrect outboard motor mounting height or existence of underwater object(s), such as hull bottom design, bottom surface conditions or underwater accessories, can cause water spray possibly reaching the engine through an opening of the bottom cowling during cruising. Exposing the engine to such conditions for extended periods can lead to severe engine damage.

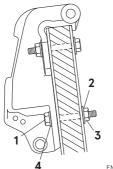
ENOM01802-0

Mounting the outboard motor

The outboard motor is secured to the boat transom through the 4 bolts with flat washers and nuts.

ENOW00965-0

The outboard motor may displace or come off from the boat, if the mounting bolts loose, possibly resulting in lost of control and /or serious personal injury. Check the mounting bolt tightness on a regular basis.



ENOE00614-0

- 1. Bolt (12 mm × lenght 105 mm)
- 2. Washer (large diameter

- 3. Nut
- 4. Washer (small diameter))

ENOM001816-0

2. Battery installation

FNOW00012-0

Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid and thus is hazardous, causing a burn if it comes in contact with your skin, or poisonous if swallowed.

Keep battery and electrolyte away from reach of children

When handling the battery, be sure to:

- Read all warnings shown on the battery case
- Prevent electrolyte from coming in contact with any part of your body. Contact can cause serious burn or, if it comes in contact with your eye, loss of sight. Use safety glasses and rubber gloves.

In case battery electrolyte comes in contact

- Skin, flush thoroughly with water.
- Eye, flush thoroughly with water, and then seek immediate medical treatment.

In case battery electrolyte is swallowed:

Seek immediate medical treatment.

ENOW00013-B

Battery generates explosive hydrogen gas. Be sure to:

- Charge the battery in a well-ventilated place.
- Place the battery away from any source of fire, sparks and open flames such as burners or welding equipment.
- Do not smoke near the battery when the battery is charging.

FNOW00014-0

⚠ CAUTION

- Make sure that the battery leads do not get stuck between the outboard motor and boat when turning, etc.
- The starter motor may fail to operate if the leads are incorrectly connected.
- Be sure to correctly connect the (+) and (-) leads. Do not reverse the battery leads. Otherwise, the electrical system will be damaged.
- Do not disconnect the battery leads from battery while the engine is operating, the electrical parts could be damaged.
- Always use a fully charged battery.

ENOW00015-0

↑ CAUTION

Do not use a battery that is not recommended. Use of a battery not recommended can lead to poor performance of, and/or damage to, the electrical system.

ENON00006-D

Note

Minimum battery requirements: 12v 70Ah/20HR, 512 Cold Cranking Amps (CCA).

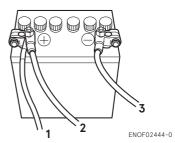
Larger capacity battery is required when it is using freezing condition.

Recommend connecting only the engine battery cables to the starting battery.

Specifications and features of batteries vary among the manufacturers. Consult the manufacturer for details.

- * The battery should be purchased separately and is not supplied with the outboard motor.
- Place the battery box in a convenient position away from possible water spray. Securely fasten both the box and the battery so they do not shake loose.

Connect the positive leads (+) to the positive terminal (+) of the battery, and then connect the negative lead (-). When disconnecting the battery always remove the negative lead (-) first. After connecting the positive terminal (+), securely place a cap on it to prevent short circuits.



- 1. Starter cable (red)
- 2. Battery cable (red)
- 3. Battery cable (black)

ENON00944-0

Note

- Do not use wing nuts to fasten battery cables
- Wing nuts tend to loosen and cause electrical system damage.



5

ENOM00123-0

3. Propeller installation

ENOW00084-0

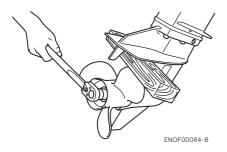
⚠ WARNING

- Do not begin propeller removal and installation procedure with spark plug caps attached, shift in forward or reverse, main switch at other than "OFF", engine stop switch lock attached to the switch, and starter key attached, or engine could accidentally start leading to serious personal injury. Disconnect battery cable if possible.
- The propeller edge is thin and sharp. Wear the groves during replacement to protect your hands.

FNOW00085-0

⚠ WARNING

Do not hold propeller with hand(s) when loosening or tightening propeller nut. Put a piece of wood block between propeller blade and anti-ventilation plate to hold propeller.



ENOW00086-0

↑ CAUTION

- Do not install propeller without thrust holder, or propeller boss could be damaged.
- Do not reuse split pin.

 After installing split pin, spread the pin apart to prevent it from falling out which could lead to the propeller coming off during operation.

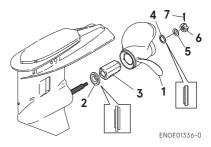
Propeller must be selected that will allow the engine to reach recommended maximum operating range during cruising.

Wide-open throttle rpm range

5000 - 6000 min⁻¹ (rpm)

Genuine propellers are listed on PROPEL-LER TABLE of this manual (See page 90).

- Remove the split pin, propeller nut and washer.
- Apply water proof grease to the propeller shaft before installing a new propeller.
- Install the thrust holder, propeller stopper, washer and propeller nut onto the shaft.



- 1. Propeller
- 2. Thrust holder
- 3. Bush
- Stopper
- 5. Washer
- **6.** Nut
- 7. Split pin
- Tighten the propeller nut to specified torque with holding the propeller by wood block. And align one of grooves to propeller shaft hole.

Propeller nut torque:

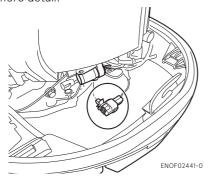
35 N·m (25 ft·lb, 3.5kgf·m)

5. Install a new split pin into the nut hole and bend it.

ENOM01821-0

4. TOCS (Tohatsu Onboard Communication System) installation

TOCS (Tohatsu Onboard Communication System) interface coupler can provide information regarding engine speed, fuel consumption, and various possible malfunctions via an optional interface cable. Contact authorized Tohatsu dealer for more detail.



■ PRF-OPFRATING PRFPARATIONS

ENOM00030-A

1. Fuel handling

FNOW000017-0

⚠ CAUTION

Use of improper gasoline can damage your engine. Engine damage resulting from the use of improper gasoline is considered misuse of the engine, and damage caused thereby will not be covered under the limited warranty.

ENOM00031-A

FUEL RATING

TOHATSU engines will operate satisfactorily when using a major brand of unleaded gasoline meeting the following specifications:

USA and Canada — having a posted pump Octane Rating of 87 (R+M)/2 minimum. Premium gasoline (92 [R+M]/2 Octane) is also acceptable. Do not use leaded gasoline.

Outside USA and Canada — Use unleaded gasoline with declared octane rating of 91 RON or over. Use of premium gasoline of 98 RON is also allowed.

ENOM00032-A

GASOLINES CONTAINING ALCOHOL

The fuel system components on your TOHATSU engine will withstand up to 10% ethyl alcohol (hereinafter referred to as the "ethanol"), content in the gasoline. But even if the gasoline in your area contains ethanol less than 10%, you should be aware of certain adverse effects that can occur. Increasing the percentage of ethanol in the fuel can also worsen these

adverse effects. Some of these adverse effects are caused because the ethanol in the gasoline can absorb moisture from the air, resulting in a separation of the water/ethanol from the gasoline in the fuel tank.

These may cause increased:

- Corrosion of metal parts
- Deterioration of rubber or plastic parts
- Fuel permeation through rubber fuel lines
- Starting and operating difficulties

If the use of gasoline containing alcohol is inevitable, or presence of alcohol is suspected in the gasoline, it is recommended to add a filter that has water separating capability, and check the fuel system for leaks and mechanical parts for corrosion and abnormal wear more frequently.

And, in case any of such abnormality is found, discontinue the use of such gasoline and contact our dealer immediately.

If the outboard motor will only be used infrequently, please see the remarks on fuel deterioration in the STORAGE chapter (P 81) for additional information.

ENOW00020-1

A CAUTION

When operating a TOHATSU engine on gasoline containing alcohol, storage of gasoline in the fuel tank for long periods should be avoided. Long periods of storage, create unique problems. In cars, alcohol blend fuels normally are consumed before they can absorb enough moisture to cause trouble, but boats often sit idle long enough for

phase separation to take place. In addition, internal corrosion may take place during storage if alcohol has washed protective oil films from internal components.

ENOW00018-0

Fuel leakage can cause fire or explosion, potentially leading to severe injury or loss of life. Every fuel system part should be checked periodically, and especially after long term storage, for fuel leak, change of hardness of rubber, expansion and/or corrosion of metals. In case any indication of fuel leakage or degradation of fuel part is found, replace relevant part immediately before continuing operation.

ENOM00043-B

2. Fuel filling

ENOW00019-1

↑ WARNING

Do not fill the fuel tank over capacity. The rise of gasoline temperature may cause gasoline to expand which, may leak through air vent screw when it is open. Leaking gasoline is a dangerous fire hazard.

ENOW00028-A

⚠ WARNING

Consult an authorized dealer for details on handling gasoline, if necessary.

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive.

When carrying a fuel tank containing gasoline:

- Close the fuel tank cap and air vent screw of fuel tank cap, or gasoline vapor will be emitted through the air vent screw, creating a fire hazard.
- Do not smoke.

When or before refueling:

- Be sure to remove the static electricity charged in your body before refueling.
- The sparks due to static electricity may cause explosion of flammable gasoline.
- Stop the engine, and do not start the engine during refueling.
- Do not smoke.
- Be careful not to overfill fuel tank. Wipe up any spilled gasoline immediately.

When or before cleaning the gasoline tank:

- Dismount fuel tank from the boat.
- Place the fuel tank away from every source of ignition, such as sparks or open flames.
- Do the work outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled.

After cleaning gasoline tank:

- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled.
- If the fuel tank is disassembled for cleaning, reassemble carefully. Imperfect assembly may cause a fuel leak, possibly leading to fire or explosion.
- Dispose aged or contaminated gasoline in accordance with local regulations.

ENOW00029-A

⚠ WARNING

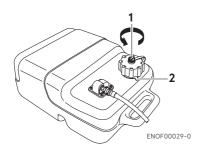
When opening fuel tank cap, be sure to follow the procedure described hereafter. Fuel could blast out through the fuel tank cap in case the cap is loosened by using another procedure when internal pressure of fuel tank is raised by heat from sources such as sun light.

FNOW00946-0

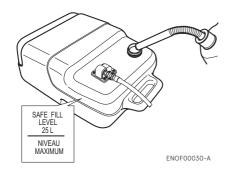
A CAUTION

Separate tank must be fixed at appropriate position so that well ventilated and tank does not move or fall down while operating.

 Fully open the air vent screw on the fuel tank cap and release internal pressure.



- 1. Air vent screw
- 2. Fuel tank cap
- 2. Open the fuel tank cap slowly.
- 3. Fill the fuel carefully not to over flow.



4. After filling the tank, close the fuel tank cap.

FNOM00037-A

3. Engine oil filling

ENOW00022-1

A CAUTION

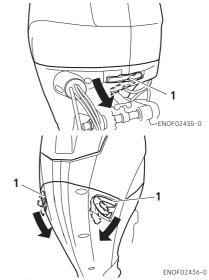
The engine oil is drained for shipping from the factory. Be sure to fill the engine to the proper level before starting engine. FNOW00092-A

A CAUTION

- Do not overfill engine oil, or engine oil could leak and/or engine could be damaged. If engine oil level is over upper limit marks of oil gauge, drain oil to level lower than upper limit.
- Be sure that outboard motor is in upright and level position when checking or changing oil.
- Stop engine immediately if low oil pressure warning lamp is lit or oil leak is found, or engine could be severely damaged. Consult dealer.
- Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

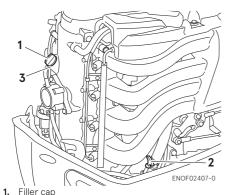
ENOM01812-B

- 1. Place the outboard motor in a vertical position.
- 2. Turn the top cowl hook levers to unlock, lift and remove the top cowl.

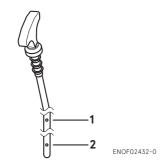


1. Cowl hook lever

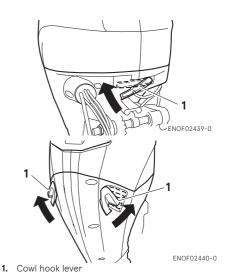
- 3. Remove the oil filler cap.
- 4. Fill the engine through the filler port with the oil to between the upper and lower limit mark on the dipstick.
- 5. Tighten the oil filler cap.



- 2. Dipstick
- 3. Filler port



- 1. Upper limit 4200 mL (4.4/3.7 US/Imp qt.)
- 2. Lower limit 2200 mL (2.3/1.9 US/Imp. qt.)
- 6. Start the engine and idling for 5 minutes, then check for no oil leaks and no warning indicate.
- Stop the engine and leave it for 5 minutes and check oil level on the dipstick. Add oil if necessary.
- Make sure that the top cowl is correctly seated on the bottom cowl seal rubber.
- 9. Turn the top cowl hook levers to securely lock.



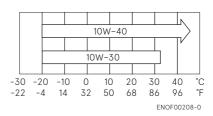
Engine oil recommendation

Use only high quality 4-stroke outboard motor oil to insure performance and prolonged engine life.

NMMA FC-W rated oil SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

API: SH, SJ or SL

Engine oil viscosity must be selected from the following chart according to the average temperatures in your area.



Engine oil volume Approximately 4,000 mL (4.2/3.5 US/Imp.qt.)

ENOW0002A-A

⚠ CAUTION

Use of engine oils that do not meet these requirements will result in reduced engine life, and other engine problems.

1FNOM00033-A

4. Break-In

Your new outboard motor and lower unit require break-in for the moving components according to the conditions described in the following time table.

Please refer to ENGINE OPERATION sec-

tion (See page 37) to learn how to correctly start and operate the outboard motor.

ENOW00024-A

⚠ DANGER

Do not operate the outboard motor in closed area or area with no forced ventilation.

Exhaust gas emitted by this outboard motor contains carbon monoxide that will cause death if inhaled continuously. Inhaling the gas initially causes symptoms such as feeling of sickness, drowsiness and headache.

During operation of the outboard motor:

Keep peripheral area well ventilated.

 Always attempt to stay on the windward side of emission.

ENOW00023-1

⚠ CAUTION

Operating the outboard motor without break-in can shorten service life.

If any abnormality is experienced during the break-in:

- Discontinue the operation immediately.
- Have the dealer check the product and take proper action(s) if necessary.

Note

- Proper break-in allows outboard motor to deliver it full performance for longer service life.
- Break-in must be conduct under load in the water with propeller installed and in-gear.

	1-10 min	10 min - 2 hrs	2-3 hrs	3-10 hrs	After 10 hrs
Throttle Position	Idle	Less than 1/2 throttle	Less than 3/4 throttle	3/4 throttle	Full throttle available
Speed		Approx. 3000 min ⁻¹ (rpm) max	Full throttle run allowed for 1 min every 10 min	Approx. 4000 min ⁻¹ (rpm). Full throttle run allowed for 2 min every 10 min	

ENOM00039-0

5. Warning system

If outboard motor encounters an abnormal condition of fault, the warning buzzer will emit a continuous beep or intermittent short beeps and the warning lamp (LED) will synchronize with the buzzer and engine speed will be limited (engine will not be stopped).

See next page for conditions which will lead to an abnormal condition or fault.



Location of warning buzzer and lamp

■ Warning buzzer

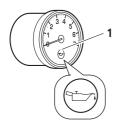
RC model: Located inside the remote control

Tiller handle model: Located in the tiller handle.

■ Warning lamp (LED)

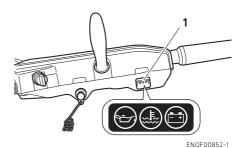
RC model: Located in the tachometer.

Tiller handle model: Located on the tiller handle



ENOF00851-A

1. Warning lamp



1. Warning lamp

ENOM01822-0

Warning indicators, faults and remedy For RC model

Wai	rning indicators			
Sound		ESG	Description of faults or notice	Rem- edy
	A lamp			
Continuous	ON	-	Normal system test when key on	
Continuous	-	High speed ESG	Engine speed exceeds maximum allowable RPM	1
Continuous (*2)	ON (*2)	Low speed ESG (*2)	Low oil pressure (*1)	2
Continuous	-	Low speed ESG	Engine temperature is high	3
Continuous	Flashing	Low speed ESG (*3)	Engine temperature is abnormally high	3
-	Flashing	Low speed ESG	Engine temperature sensor or MAP sensor mulfanction, or battery overcharge.	4
-	Flashing	-	Mulfanction of sensors or electrical parts other than the above sensors.	4
-	Flashing (*4)	-	Oil change reminder (every 100 hrs.)	5
One beep	-	-	Lowest RPM of variable idling system	
Two beep	-	-	Highest RPM of variable idling system	

^{*1:} In this case, oil pressure switch is "ON".

High speed ESG (Electronic Safety Governor)

High speed ESG is a device to prevent over revolution of the engine. If the load to the engine becomes light for some reason, it runs at a higher speed than the usual. In such the case, the buzzer sounds and the ESG is activated to restrict amount of fuel injection, therefore, the engine speed varies and be controlled under 6000 min⁻¹ (rpm).

Low speed ESG

Low speed ESG is a device to prevent the engine from getting damage. If the engine has problems regarding cooling water, oil pressure, and sensors, the low speed ESG is activated to restrict amount of fuel injection, therefore, the engine speed varies and be controlled under 1800 min⁻¹ (rpm) or 2800 min⁻¹ (rpm).

^{*2:} It is necessary to stop the engine, if you want to stop the working indicators and re-set the warning system.

^{*3:} Engine speed controlled to 1800 min-1(rpm).

^{*4:} Flashing pattern, 1 sec ON and 9 secs OFF.

Remedy

- 1. Reduce the throttle to less than half opening, and move to safe place quickly, and stop the engine.
 - Check the propeller for bent or damaged blades.
 - Consult an authorized dealer if engine shows the same result even after replacing propeller with new one.
- 2. Move to safe place quickly, and stop the engine.
 - Check the engine oil level, and add engine oil if necessary.
 - Consult your dealer if the engine oil level is too low or too high.
- **3.** Move to safe place quickly, and check the discharge of cooling water from the water check port at idle speed and stop engine.
 - Remove any foreign matter on the gear case and propeller if necessary. Consult an authorized dealer if no discharge of cooling water.
- 4. Consult an authorized dealer.
- **5.** Replace the engine oil and reset the indicator.

For Tiller handle model

	Warning in	ndicators				
Sound				ESG	Description of faults or notice	Rem- edy
	A lamp	B lamp	C lamp			
Continuous	ON	ON	ON	-	Normal system test when key on	
Continuous	-	-	-	High speed ESG	Engine speed exceeds maximum allowable RPM	1
Continuous (*2)	ON (*2)	-	-	Low speed ESG (*2)	Low oil pressure (*1)	2
Continuous	-	Flashing	-	Low speed ESG	Engine temperature is high	3
Continuous	Flashing	Flashing	Flashing	Low speed ESG (*3)	Engine temperature is abnormally high	3
-	-	-	Flashing	-	Low battery voltage	4
-	Flashing	Flashing	Flashing	Low speed ESG	Engine temperature sensor or MAP sensor mulfanction, or battery overcharge.	5
-	Flashing	Flashing	Flashing	-	Mulfanction of sensors or electrical parts other than the above sensors.	5
-	Flashing (*4)	-	-	-	Oil change reminder (every 100 hrs.)	6
One beep	-	-	-	-	Lowest RPM of variable idling system	
Two beep	-	-	-	-	Highest RPM of variable idling system	

^{*1:} In this case, oil pressure switch is "ON".

High speed ESG (Electronic Safety Governor)

High speed ESG is a device to prevent over revolution of the engine. If the load to the engine becomes light for some reason, it runs at a higher speed than the usual. In such the case, the buzzer sounds and the ESG is activated to restrict amount of fuel injection, therefore, the engine speed varies and be controlled under 6000 min⁻¹ (rpm).

Low speed ESG

Low speed ESG is a device to prevent the engine from getting damage. If the engine has problems regarding cooling water, oil pressure, and sensors, the low speed ESG is activated to restrict amount of fuel injection, therefore, the engine speed varies and be controlled under 1800 min⁻¹ (rpm) or 2800 min⁻¹ (rpm).

^{*2:} It is necessary to stop the engine, if you want to stop the working indicators and re-set the warning system.

^{*3:} Engine speed controlled to 1800 min-1(rpm).

^{*4:} Flashing pattern, 1 sec ON and 9 secs OFF.

Remedy

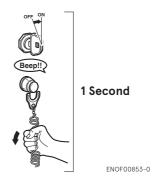
- Reduce the throttle to less than half opening, and move to safe place quickly, and stop the engine.
 - Check the propeller for bent or damaged blades.
 - Consult an authorized dealer if engine shows the same result even after replacing propeller with new one.
- 2. Move to safe place quickly, and stop the engine.
 - Check the engine oil level, and add engine oil if necessary.
 - Consult your dealer if the engine oil level is too low or too high.
- **3.** Move to safe place quickly, and check the discharge of cooling water from the water check port at idle speed and stop engine.
 - Remove any foreign matter on the gear case and propeller if necessary. Consult an authorized dealer if no discharge of cooling water.
- 4. Charge or replace the battery.
- 5. Consult an authorized dealer.
- **6.** Replace the engine oil and reset the indicator.

ENOM00870-0

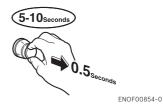
Engine oil replacement indicator function reset method

As for "Engine oil replacement indicator function", informing the appropriate timing of engine oil replacement by blinking of the lamp, when beyond 100 hours operating.

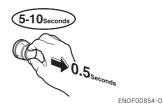
 Be certain the safety lanyard is installed. Turn the key to the 'on' position and after the 'beep' pull the safety lanyard off.



2. Within 5-10 seconds, pull the red knob on the safety switch out and release.



3. Wait 5-10 seconds and pull the red knob out and release.



6

4. Within 5-10 seconds you will here 3 beeps to inform you that you have successfully reset the system.



5. Turn the ley to the 'off' position and replace the safety lanyard lock.

The engine oil replacement indicators function operates again after 100 hours operation from reset this function.

■ FNGINF OPERATION

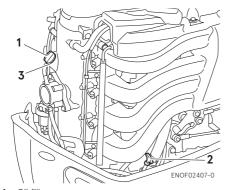
ENOM00042-0

Before starting

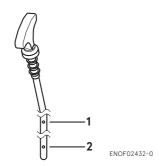
ENOM00246-0

Oil Level checking

Check the engine oil level before each use. If the oil level is low or too high, the life of the engine will be shortened significantly. (To properly check the engine oil level follow the instructions, see page 64)



- 1. Oil filler cap
- 2. Dipstick
- 3. Filler port



- 1. Upper limit 4200 mL (4.4/3.7 US/Imp qt.)
- 2. Lower limit 2200 mL (2.3/1.9 US/Imp. qt.)

ENOM01804-0

1. Fuel feeding

FNOW00029-A

⚠ WARNING

When opening fuel tank cap, be sure to follow the procedure described below. Fuel could blast out through the fuel tank cap in case the cap is loosened by using another procedure when internal pressure of fuel tank is raised by heat from sources such as sun light.

ENOW00030-B

⚠ WARNING

When using EPA approval fuel tank, only use a primer bulb/hose assembly that has a Fuel Demand Valve (FDV) installed in the fuel hose or a sealing mechanism in the fuel connector as shown below.

FDV and fuel connector that has an sealing mechanism prevent pressurized fuel spillage when the fuel connector is connected to the engine.





ENOF00035-0

- 1. FDV in fuel hose
- 2. Sealing mechanism in fuel connector
- 3. Identification

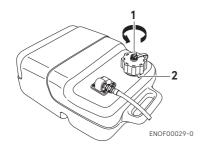
Do NOT use a primer bulb/hose assembly that does not contain a Fuel Demand Valve or a sealing mechanism as shown below: otherwise fuel spillage may occur when the connector is connected to the engine.



ENOF00036-

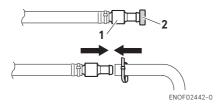
Do not connect fuel connector except when operating engine. Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.

1. Full open the air vent screw on the fuel tank cap.

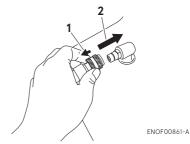


- 1. Air vent screw
- 2. Fuel tank cap
- 2. Open the fuel tank cap slowly and release internal pressure completely.

 After that, close the fuel tank.
- Remove the cap from the fuel joint.Connect the fuel hose of the primer bulb and secure with a hose band.



- 1. Joint
- 2. Cap
- 4. Connect the primer bulb to the fuel tank.



- 1. Pull
- 2. Insert
- Squeeze primer bulb until it becomes stiff to feed fuel to vapor separator. Direct arrow mark upward when priming.



ENOF00862-0

- 1. Engine side
- 2. Fuel tank side

Do not squeeze primer bulb with engine running or when the outboard motor is tilted up. Otherwise, fuel could overflow.

ENOM01805-0

2. Starting the engine

ENOW00958-0

MARNING

- Do not remove or install the top cowl after the engine has been started.
- The exposed rotating engine parts or moving parts cause serious injury.

ENOW00959-0



The top cowl must be installed while the engine running except in an emergency. If the top cowl is not installed correctly, water splash can damage the engine.

ENOW00036-A

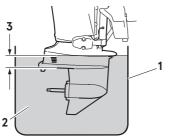
↑ CAUTION

When the engine is started in the test tank, to avoid over heating and water pump damage, be sure the water level is at least 10 cm (4 in.) above the anti ventilation plate.

Run the engine only at idling.

And be sure to remove the propeller, when starting the engine in the test tank. (See page 74)

Run the engine only at idling.



ENOF00863-0

- 1. Test tank
- 2. Water
- 3. Over 10 cm (4 in.)

ENOW00036-0

A CAUTION

Be sure to stop engine immediately if cooling water check port is not discharging water, and check if cooling water intake is blocked. Operating engine could lead to overheating potentially leading to engine damage. Con-

sult an authorized dealer if the cause cannot be found.

FNOW00974-0

A CAUTION

Starter motor will not operate if the stop switch lock is not properly installed.

This model is provided with start in gear protection.

ENON00010-0

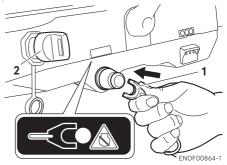
Note

Start-in-gear protection prevents engine from starting at other than neutral shift. In-gear starting of engine will move the boat immediately, potentially leading to falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard.

ENOM01806-0

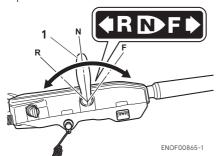
Tiller handle type

 Be sure to install the stop switch lock to the stop switch, and attach the stop switch lanyard securely to the operator or to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation Device.)



- 1. Stop switch lock
- Main switch key
- 2. Insert the main switch key.

3. Set the control lever in the Neutral position.

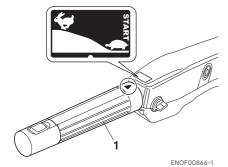


1. Shift lever

A CAUTION

If the engine starts in gear, do not use it. Contact an authorized dealer.

4. Set the throttle grip to START position.



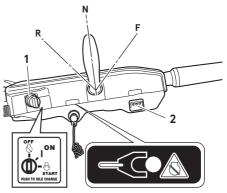
1. Throttle grip

Turn the main switch key to ON position and confirm three warning lamps light up with buzzer sound and then go off. Turn the main switch key to the START position and release it to start the engine. The engine will crank continuously until the engine starts.

ENON00942-0

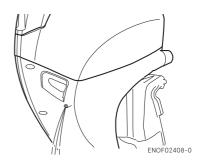
Note

- It takes maximum 4 seconds of the continuous crank before the engine starts.
- If fail to start the engine, crank again after 10 seconds or more.



ENOF00867-1

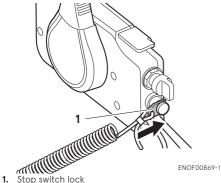
- 1. Main switch key
- 2. Warning lamp
- 7. Check the cooling water from cooling water check port.



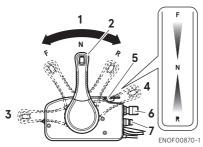
ENOM01807-0

Side mount RC type

1. Be sure to install the stop switch lock to the stop switch, and attach the stop switch lanyard securely to the operator or to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation Device.)

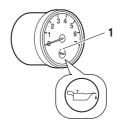


- 2. Insert the main switch key.
- 3. Set the control lever in the Neutral position. Do not raise the free throttle lever when starting the engine.



- 1. Neutral (N)
- 2. Control lever
- 3. Fully opened (Forward)
- 4. Fully opened (Reverse)
- 5. Free throttle lever
- 6. Main switch key
- 7. Stop switch

4. Turn the main switch key to ON position and confirm three warning lamps light up with buzzer sound and then go off.



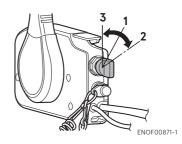
ENOF00851-A

- 1. Warning lamp
- 5. Turn the main switch key to the START position and release it to start the engine. The engine will crank continuously until the engine starts.

ENON00942-0

Note

- It takes maximum 4 seconds of the continuous crank before the engine
- If fail to start the engine, crank again after 10 seconds or more.



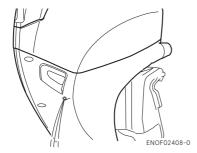
- 1. ON
- 2. START
- 3. OFF

FNON00035-A

Note

The free throttle lever can not be raised when the control lever shift is in Forward or Reverse.

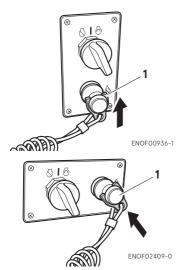
6. Check the cooling water from cooling water check port.



ENOM00974-B

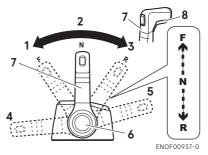
Top mount RC type

 Be sure to install the stop switch lock to the stop switch, and attach the stop switch lanyard securely to the operator or to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation Device.)

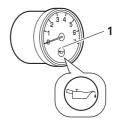


1. Stop switch lock

- 2. Insert the main switch key.
- Set the control lever in the Neutral position. Do not use the Neutral throttle button to open the throttle when starting the engine.



- 1. Forward (F)
- 2. Neutral (N)
- Reverse (R)
 Fully opened (Forward)
- 5. Fully opened (Reverse)
- 6. Neutral throttle button
- 7. Control lever
- 8. Neutral lock arm
- 4. Turn the main switch key to ON position and confirm three warning lamps light up with buzzer sound and then go off.



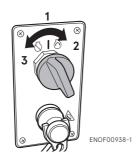
ENOF00851-A

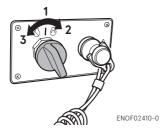
- 1. Warning lamp
- 5. Turn the main switch key to the START position and release it to start the engine. The engine will crank continuously until the engine starts.

ENON00942-0

Note

- It takes maximum 4 seconds of the continuous crank before the engine starts.
- If fail to start the engine, crank again after 10 seconds or more.





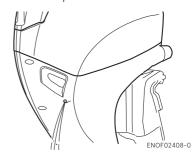
- **1.** ON
- 2. START
- 3. OFF

ENON00939-0

Note

The neutral throttle button can not be push-in when the control lever shift is in Forward or Reverse.

6. Check the cooling water from cooling water check port.



ENOM00043-A

3. Warming up the engine

ENOW00932-0



Be sure to check that cooling water is coming out of the cooling water check port during warm up.

Warm the engine at low engine speeds for about

3 minutes: above 5°C (41°F)

5 minutes at 2000 min⁻¹ (rpm): blow 5°C (41°F)

This allows the lubricating oil to circulate to all parts of the engine. Operating the engine without warm up shortens the engine's life.

ENOM00044-0

Engine speeds

Idling speed after warming up.

Remark: In case of cold engine starting, idling speed is increased about 400 min⁻¹ (rpm) for several minutes.

Clutch in (In gear)	Clutch off (Out of gear)
700 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	700 min ⁻¹ (rpm)

ENOM00972-0

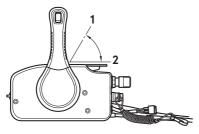
Free throttle lever (Side mount RC type)

ENOW00956-0

A CAUTION

- Keep the free throttle lever fully closedposition when start the engine.
- The free throttle lever is inoperative unless the control lever is in neutral.
- Also, the control lever is inoperative unless the free throttle lever is returned to the fully-closed position.

The free throttle lever is for warm-up operation. (Not required for engine starting) With the control lever in neutral, move the free throttle lever upward to open the throttle.



ENOF00934-0

Fully-open
 Fully-closed

ENOM00973-0

Neutral throttle button (Top mount RC type)

ENOW00957-0

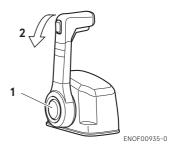
⚠ CAUTION

The control lever does not operate unless the neutral lock arm is pulled.

The neutral throttle button is for warm-up operation. (Not required for engine starting) When the control lever is in neutral, push and hold the neutral throt-

tle button. While holding the button, move the lever forward to throttle up the engine.

When the control lever is returned to the neutral position, the button will reset automatically.

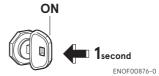


- 1. Neutral throttle button
- 2. Forward

ENOM00880-0

Trolling engine speed control function

If the main switch key is pressed for 1 (one) second during idling or trolling operation, engine revolution change.



Each time the main switch key is pressed in the above manner, engine speed changes as follows.

Starting

700 min⁻¹ (rpm) → 650 min⁻¹ (rpm) → 700 min⁻¹ (rpm)
↑

750 min⁻¹ (rpm) 750 min⁻¹ (rpm)
$$\uparrow$$
 \downarrow

800 min⁻¹ (rpm) \leftarrow 850 min⁻¹ (rpm) \leftarrow 800 min⁻¹ (rpm)

Buzzer short sounded one time, when set to 650 min⁻¹ (rpm) engine speed, and tells the lowest engine speed was set.

Buzzer short sounded twice, when set to 850 min⁻¹ (rpm) engine speed, and tells the highest engine speed was set.

Reset the engine speed when after engine restarted and or engine speed is above 3,000 min⁻¹ (rpm), and then trolling engine speed to be 700 min⁻¹ (rpm) as standard.

In addition, this function does not operate when battery voltage is lower than specified, set engine idle and trolling engine speed to 700 min⁻¹ (rpm) automatically.

ENOM00046-A

4. Forward, reverse, and acceleration

ENOW00964-0

⚠ WARNING

Before departure, make sure that the boat is properly moored and no swimmer(s) is near the boat then check shift and steering mechanism work smoothly.

ENOW00967-0

⚠ WARNING

- Attach other end of emergency stop switch lanyard to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation device) or arm and keep it attached during cruising.
- Do not attach the lanyard to a part of clothing that can be torn easily when pulled.
- Arrange the lanyard so that will not be caught by any object when pulled.
- Be careful not to pull the lanyard accidentally during cruising. Unintentional stop of

engine can cause loss of control of outboard motor. Rapid loss of engine power can lead to falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard.

ENOW00042-0

⚠ WARNING

- Do not shift into Reverse during planing, or control will be lost leading to serious personal injury, boat may swamp, and/or hull may be damaged.
- Do not shift into Reverse during cruising, or control may be lost, falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard. Leading to serious personal injury, and steering system and/or shifting mechanism may be damaged.

ENOW00861-0

⚠ WARNING

Do not shift at high boat speed, or control may be lost, falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard. Leading to serious personal injury.

FNOW00867-0

⚠ WARNING

Sudden acceleration and deceleration may cause passenger(s) to be thrown overboard or falling down.

ENOW00862-0

⚠ CAUTION

Gear and clutch damage may occur if shifting at high engine speed.

Engine must be in the slow idle position before shifting is attempted.

ENOW00863-0

CAUTION

Idle speed may be higher during warming up of engine. If shifted to Forward or Reverse

during warming up, it may be difficult to shift back to neutral. In such case, stop engine, shift to neutral, and restart engine to warm up.

ENON00014-0

Note

Frequent shifting to forward or reverse can accelerate wear or degradation of parts. In such case, replace gear oil earlier than the period specified.

FNOW00864-0

A CAUTION

Do not increase engine speed unnecessarily when the shift is in neutral and reverse, or engine damage may occur.

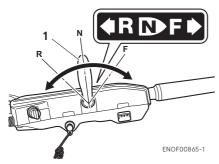
FNOMO0890-B

Tiller handle type

ENOW00865-0

⚠ CAUTION

Do not force to shift when the throttle grip is not in the fully closed position, otherwise, steering system and/or shifting mechanism may be damaged. The control lever is inoperative unless the throttle grip is in the fully closed position. (Multi-function tiller type)



1. Shift lever

Forward

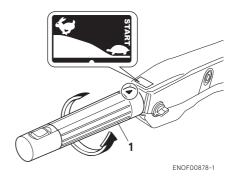
- 1. Turn the throttle grip to reduce engine speed.
- 2. When the engine reaches trolling (or idling) speed, quickly pull the shift lever to the Forward position.

Reverse

- 1. Turn the throttle grip to reduce engine speed.
- 2. When the engine reaches trolling (or idling) speed, quickly pull the shift lever to the Reverse position.

Acceleration

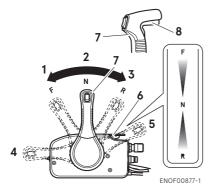
After shifting, twist the throttle grip gradually to accelerate.



1. Throttle grip

ENOM00900-0

Side mount RC type



- 1. Forward (F)
- 2. Neutral (N)
- 3. Reverse (R)
- 4. Fully opened (Forward)
- 5. Fully opened (Reverse)
- 6. Free throttle lever
- 7. Control lever
- 8. Neutral lock arm

Forward

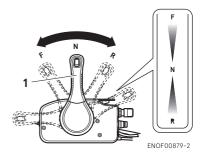
- Quickly push the control lever to the Forward (F) position 32°, where the gear is connected, while lifting up on the neutral lock arm located under the control lever grip.
- 2. Further forward motion will open the throttle.

Reverse

- Quickly pull the control lever to the Reverse (R) position at 32°, where the gear is connected, while lifting up on the neutral lock arm located under the control lever grip.
- 2. Further rearward motion will open the throttle.

Acceleration

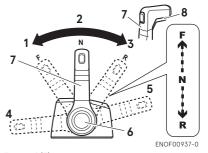
After shifting, advance the control lever gradually to accelerate.



1. Control lever

ENOM00975-A

Top mount RC type



- 1. Forward (F)
- 2. Neutral (N)
- 3. Reverse (R)
- 4. Fully opened (Forward)
- 5. Fully opened (Reverse)
- 6. Neutral throttle button
- 7. Control lever
- 8. Neutral lock arm

Forward

- Quickly push the control lever to the Forward (F) position 35°, where the gear is connected, while lifting up on the neutral lock arm located under the control lever grip.
- 2. Further forward motion will open the throttle.

Reverse

- Quickly pull the control lever to the Reverse (R) position at 35°, where the gear is connected, while lifting up on the neutral lock arm located under the control lever grip.
- 2. Further rearward motion will open the throttle.

Acceleration

After shifting, advance the control lever gradually to accelerate.

ENOM00049-A

5. Stopping the engine

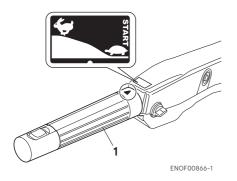
ENOW00868-0

⚠ WARNING

Be careful not to remove engine stop switch lanyard from engine accidentally while boat is running. Sudden stop of engine can cause loss of steering control. It can also cause loss of boat speed, possibly leading the crew(s) and or objects on the boat to be thrown forward due to inertial force.

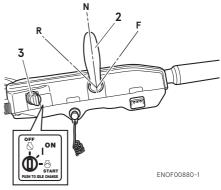
Tiller handle type

 Turn the throttle grip to the slow position.



2. Put the shift lever in the Neutral position.

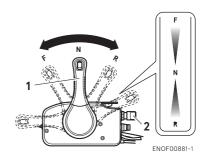
Run the engine for 2-3 minutes at idling speed for cooling down if it has been running at full speed.



- 1. Throttle grip
- 2. Shift lever
- 3. Main switch key
- 3. Turn the main switch key to the OFF position.

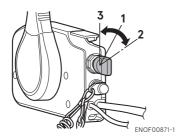
Side mount RC type

 Put the control lever in the Neutral position and run the engine for 2-3 minutes at idling speed for cooling down if it has been running at full speed.



- 1. Control lever
- 2. Main switch key

2. Turn the main switch key to the OFF position.



- **1.** ON
- 2. START
- 3. OFF

ENOW00869-0

⚠ WARNING

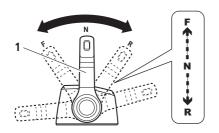
After stopping the engine:

- Close the air vent screw on the fuel tank cap.
- Disconnect the fuel connector of the engine and the fuel tank.
- Disconnect the battery cord, after each use.

ENOM00975-0

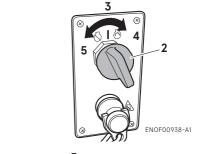
Top mount RC type

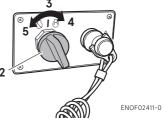
 Put the control lever in the Neutral position and run the engine for 2-3 minutes at idling speed for cooling down if it has been running at full speed.



ENOF00939-0

2. Turn the main switch key to the OFF position.





- 2. Main switch key
- ON
- 4. START
- **5.** OFF

ENOW00869-0

⚠ WARNING

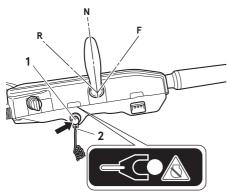
After stopping the engine:

- Close the air vent screw on the fuel tank cap.
- Disconnect the fuel connector of the engine and the fuel tank.
- Disconnect the battery cord, after each use.

Emergency engine stopping

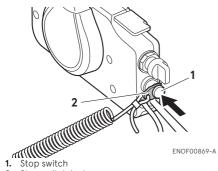
Press the emergency stop switch or remove stop switch lock to stop the engine.

1. Control lever

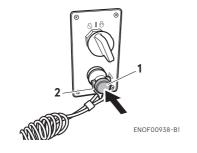


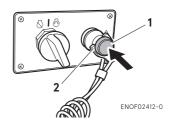
ENOF00883-1

- 1. Stop switch
- 2. Stop switch lock



- 2. Stop switch lock





- 1. Stop switch
- 2. Stop switch lock

ENOM00910-0

Spare emergency stop switch lock

A spare emergency stop switch lock is provided in the tool bag.

When used as described, the emergency stop switch clip and emergency stop switch lanyard system stops the engine if the operator falls away from the controls. When an operator falls into water, be sure to use emergency stop switch lock of the spare.

Be sure to confirm the spare stop switch lock is in the tool bag before begin to operate.



ENOF00891-0

ENOM00920-0

6. Steering

FNOW00870-0

⚠ WARNING

Sudden steering may cause passenger(s) to be thrown overboard or falling down.

Tiller handle type

Right turn

Move the tiller handle to the left

Left turn

Move the tiller handle to the right.



Remote control type Right turn

Turn the steering wheel to the right.

Left turn

Turn the steering wheel to the left.



ENOM01815-0

7. Trim angle

FNOW00043-0

⚠ WARNING

- Do not put hand or finger in between outboard motor body and clamp bracket when adjusting trim angle to prevent injury in case the outboard motor body falls.
- Unsuitable trim position can cause loss of control of boat. When testing a trim position, run boat slow initially to see if it can be controlled safely.

ENOW00044-0

⚠ WARNING

Excessive trim up or down may lead to unstable boat operation, potentially causing the steering difficulty that leads to accident during cruising.

- Do not cruise at high speed if improper trim position is suspected. Stop the boat and readjust trim angle before continuing cruise.
- For outboard motor model with PTT switch on the bottom cowl, do not operate the switch during cruising, or control of boat may be lost.

The trim angle of the outboard motor can be adjusted to suit the transom angle of the hull, and load conditions. Choose an appropriate trim angle that will allow the anti-ventilation plate to run parallel to the water surface during operation.

ENOM01817-0

Power Trim & Tilt type

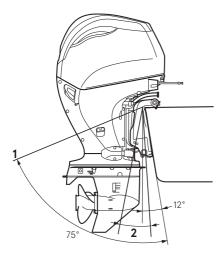
The provided power trim & tilt can be adjusted to set the desired trim angle of the outboard motor according to the transom shape, planing speeds and load.

It is imperative that the trim angle is adjusted correctly. Incorrect adjustment will cause the boat to sway, deteriorate engine performance and may cause unsafe steering conditions.

ENOW00970-0

↑ CAUTION

The power trim & tilt can be set to any trim angle. However, do not use the tilt angle range when cruising except shallow water operation. It may ingest air into the water cooling system, resulting in engine overheating.



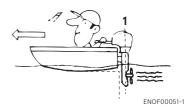
ENOF00055-A1

Tilt angle: 0 - 75°
 Trim angle: 8 - 24°

ENOM01808-0

Proper trim angle

The trim angle is optimum when the boat is parallel to the water surface while running.



1. Perpendicular to the water surface

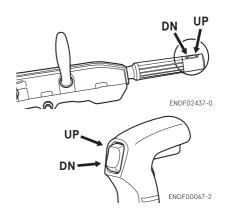
ENOM01809-0

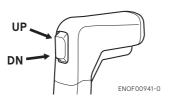
Improper trim angle (bow rises too high)

When the trim angle is excessive ,the bow will rise out of the water and the speed will be decrease. Furthermore, the bow may sway or the bottom may slam the water while running.



Decrease the trim angle by pressing "DN"(Down) of power trim & tilt switch.





ENOM01818-0

Improper trim angle (bow dips into the water)

When the trim angle is too small, the bow will dip into the water, the speed will decrease, and water may enter the boat.



Increase the trim angle by pressing "UP" of power trim & tilt switch.

ENOM01819-0

Trim meter

When the trim angle is set as desired, take a reading off the trim meter, and record it for future reference.

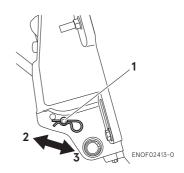


JNOF00807-1

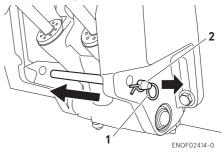
ENOM01820-0

Trust rod adjustment

The trim angle at full tilt down is adjustable by selected the thrust rod position.



- 1. Thrust rod
- 2. Higher
- 3. Lower
- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Shift into neutral position.
- 3. Tilt up the outboard motor.
- 4. Lock the tilt stopper.
- 5. Remove the Snap pin and thrust rod as shown picture.



- 1. Snap pin
- 2. Thrust rod
- 6. Reinstall the thrust rod in the desired position securely.
- 7. Put the Snap pin back and unlock the tilt stopper.
- 8. Gentry tilt down the outboard motor.

ENOM00060-A

8. Tilt up and down

ENOW00055-0

⚠ WARNING

Do not tilt up or down outboard motor when swimmer(s) or passenger is near to prevent them from being caught between outboard motor body and clamp bracket in case the outboard motor body falls.

ENOW00048-0

⚠ WARNING

When tilting up or down, be careful not to place your hand between the swivel bracket and the stern bracket.

Be sure to tilt the outboard motor down slowly.

ENOW00056-A

⚠ WARNING

When tilting up outboard motor with fuel joint for over a few minutes, be sure to disconnect fuel hose, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

ENOW00057-0

A CAUTION

Do not tilt up outboard motor while engine operates, or no cooling water may be fed, leading to engine seizure due to overheating.

ENON00921-0

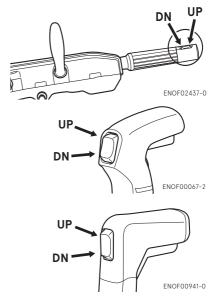
Note

Before tilting the outboard motor up, after stopping the motor leave it in the running position for about a minute to allow water to drain from inside the engine. ENOM01810-0

Power Trim & Tilt type

Tilt up

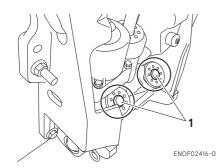
 Press the power trim and tilt switch "UP" until the motor has been tilted up completely.



2. Pull the tilt stopper down as shown below drawing.



- 1. Tilt stopper
- Press the power trim and tilt switch "DN" (Down) until the trim rods has been retracted completely.

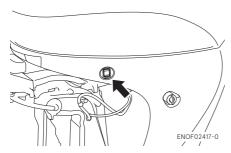


1. Trim rod

Tilt down

- Release the tilt stopper from the setup position while slightly tilting up outboard motor.
- Operate the Power Trim & Tilt switch and tilt the outboard motor down until the motor touches to the thrust rod.

The outboard motor can also be tilted up and down using the switch provided under the bottom cowl.



It is possible to tilt up or down in spite of main switch "ON" or "OFF".

ENOM00940-0

Manual relief valve

If the battery is dead, and the power trim & tilt switch thus inoperative, open the manual valve completely in the Manual direction. This will allow manual tilting of the outboard motor.

ENOW00872-0

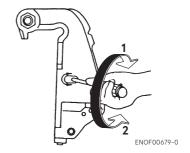
⚠ WARNING

Make sure the manual relief valve is closed before operating the outboard motor. If the manual relief valve is not closed, the outboard motor will tilt up when operated in reverse.

FNOW00873-0

⚠ WARNING

Before opening the manual relief valve, make sure nobody is under the outboard motor. If the outboard motor is in the tilted up position, it will tilt down suddenly if the manual relief valve is loosened in the "Manual" direction.



- 1. Power
- 2. Manual

Manual relief valve specified torque:

3 N-m (2.2 ft-lb, 0.3 kgf-m)

ENOM00068-A

9. Shallow water operation

ENOW00051-0

⚠ WARNING

During shallow water operation, be careful not to place your hand between the swivel bracket and the clamp bracket. Be sure to tilt the outboard motor down slowly.

ENOW00053-0

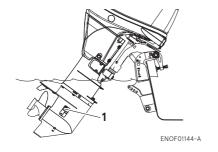
⚠ CAUTION

While in shallow water drive position, do not operate the outboard motor in Reverse. Operate the outboard motor at slow speed and keep the cooling water intake submerged.

ENOW00054-0

A CAUTION

Do not overtilt outboard motor when driving shallow water, or air may be sucked through water inlet, potentially leading to engine overheating.

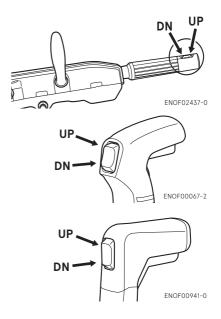


1. Water inlet

ENOM00069-A

Power Trim & Tilt type

 Operate the Power Trim & Tilt switch and tilt the outboard motor up into desired shallow water running position.



REMOVING AND CARRYING THE OUTBOARD MOTOR

ENOM00070-A

1. Removing the outboard motor

FNOW00890-0

⚠ WARNING

Before installing the outboard motor on the boat, hang the outboard motor with the hoist or equivalent device by attaching the engine hanger to the outboard.

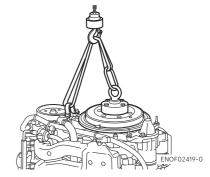
Use the hoist with allowable load is 250 kg (550 lbs) or above.

ENOW00064-0

⚠ CAUTION

Engine may be hot immediately after operating and could cause burns if touched. Allow engine to cool down before attempting to carry the outboard.

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the top cowl.
- Disconnect the fuel connector, the remote control cables and the battery cords from the outboard motor.
- 4. Attach the hoist hooks to the engine hanger.
- Remove the outboard motor from boat and completely drain the water from the gear case.



ENOM00071-A

2. Carrying the outboard motor

ENOW00933-0

⚠ WARNING

Be sure to disconnect fuel connector except when operating engine.

Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.

ENOW00065-0

⚠ WARNING

Close air vent screw of fuel tank before carrying or storing outboard motor and fuel tank, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

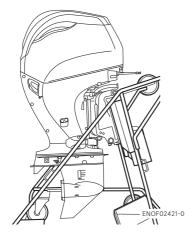
ENOW00968-0

A CAUTION

Do not give a shock to an outboard motor during transportation. It becames a cause of breakage.

Keep the outboard motor in a vertical position when carrying.

The optional outboard motor stand is recommended for keeping the outboard motor vertical both during transport and storage.



ENOM00072-A

3. Trailering

ENOW00072-0

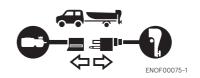
⚠ CAUTION

Trailering in the tilted position may cause damage to the outboard motor, boat, etc.

ENOW00971-0

On applicable models remove the fuel connector and fuel line except when operating engine.

Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.



ENOW00068-0

∴ WARNING

Close air vent screw of fuel tank and fuel cock before carrying or storing outboard motor and fuel tank, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

ENOW00071-0

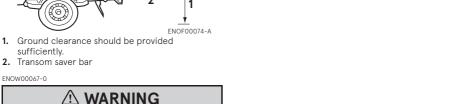
A CAUTION

The tilt support device supplied on your outboard motor is not intended for towing. It is intended to support the outboard motor while the boat is docked, beached, etc.

When transporting a boat on a trailer with the outboard motor still attached, disconnect the fuel line from the outboard motor beforehand and keep the outboard motor in the normal running position or on a transom bar.

Tiller handle type

To prevent the outboard motor from moving when it is attached on a boat during transport on a trailer, properly tighten the steering friction lever (page 60).



Do not go under outboard motor tilted up even if it is supported by support bar, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.

ADJUSTMENT

ENOM00073-0

1. Steering friction

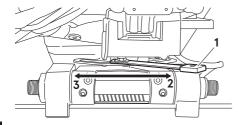
Tiller handle type

ENOW00074-A

⚠ WARNING

Do not overtighten the steering friction lever it could result in difficulty of movement resulting in the loss of control causing an accident and could lead to severe injury.

Adjust this lever to achieve the desired steering friction (drag) on the tiller handle. Move lever towards (2) to decrease friction and move lever towards (3) to increase friction.



ENOF00910-A

- 1. Steering friction lever
- 2. Decrease
- 3. Increase

FNOM00074-A

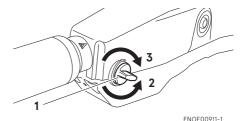
2. Throttle grip friction

ENOW00074-B

⚠ WARNING

Do not overtighten the throttle adjustment screw or it could result in difficulty of movement resulting in the loss of control causing an accident and could lead to severe injury.

Friction adjustment of the throttle grip can be made with the throttle adjustment screw.



- 1. Throttle friction adjustment screw
- 2. Decrease
- 3. Increase

FNOM00075-1

3. Remote control lever friction

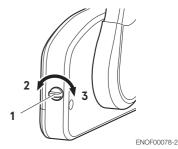
ENOW00074-C

⚠ WARNING

Do not overtighten the remote control throttle friction adjustment screw or it could result in difficulty of movement resulting in the loss of control causing an accident and could lead to severe injury.

To adjust the friction of the remote control lever, turn the throttle friction adjustment screw on the front of the remote control. Turn clockwise to increase the friction and counter-clockwise to decrease it.

Side mount type



- 1. Throttle friction adjustment screw
- 2. Decrease
- 3. Increase

Top mount type



- 1. Throttle friction adjustment screw
- 2. Lighter
- 3. Heavier

ENOM00076-0

4. Trim tab adjustment

ENOW00076-1

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure that outboard motor is secured to transom or service stand, or accidental drop or fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Be sure to lock outboard motor when it is tilted up, otherwise accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Do not go under outboard motor tilted up and locked, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.

ENOW00075-1

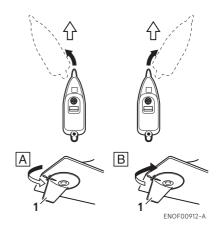
⚠ WARNING

Inappropriate adjustment of trim tab could cause steering difficulty. After installing or readjusting trim tab, check if steering load is even.

If straight-line cruising cannot be achieved, adjust the trim tab located

under the anti-ventilation plate.

- If the boat veers toward the left, direct the trim tab towards A (left from rear of boat).
- If the boat veers toward the right, direct the trim tab towards B (right from rear of boat).



1. Trim tab ENON00022-A Notes

- After adjustment securely tighten the trim tab fixing bolt.
- Check for looseness of the bolt and the trim tab at regular intervals.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

ENOM00077-0

Care of your outboard motor

To keep your outboard motor in the best operating condition, it is very important that you perform daily and periodic maintenance as suggested in the maintenance schedules that follow.

ENOW00077-0

⚠ CAUTION

- Your personal safety and that of your passengers depends on how well you maintain your outboard motor. Carefully observe all of the inspection and maintenance procedures described in this section.
- The maintenance intervals shown in the checklist apply to an outboard motor in normal use. If you use your outboard motor under severe conditions such as frequent full-throttle operation, frequent operation in brackish water, or for commercial use, maintenance should be performed at shorter intervals. If in doubt, consult your dealer for advice.
- We strongly recommend that you use only genuine replacement parts on your outboard motor. Damage to your outboard motor arising from the use of other than genuine parts is not covered under the warranty.

ENOM00079-0

1. Daily Inspection

Perform the following checks before and after use.

ENOW00078-1

MARNING

Do not use outboard motor if any abnormality is found during pre-operation check otherwise it could result in severe damage to the motor or severe personal injury.

Item	Points to Check	Remedy
	· Check the amount of fuel in the tank.	Replenish
Fuel System	· Check for debris or water in the fuel filters.	Clean or replace if
I del dystein		necessary
	· Check the rubber hoses for fuel leakage.	Replace if necessary
Fuel Tank Cap	· Check for crack, leakage, damage in the fuel tank cap.	Replace if necessary
Tuci falik dap	· Check for leakage at full close.	Replace if necessary
Engine Oil	· Check the oil level.	Fill oil
	· Check that the main switch functions normally.	Replace if necessary
	Check that the battery electrolyte level and specific gravity	Replenish or recharge
	are normal.	
	· Check for loose connections on the battery terminal.	Retighten
	Check that the stop switch functions normally and make sure	Remedy or replace if
Electrical	the stop switch lock is there.	necessary
Equipment	· Check cords for loose connections and damage.	Correct or replace if
		necessary
	· Check the spark plugs for dirt, wear and carbon build-up.	Clean or replace if
	Oh oh the committee have a few and have a long at the second and t	necessary
	Check the warning buzzer (one beep) and warning LED lamp (ON for 1 secs.) when key is ON.	Repair
	Check that clutch engages correctly when operating the shift	Adjust
Clutch and	lever.	/ lajace
Propeller Sys-	Visually check propeller for bent or damaged blades.	Replace if necessary
tem	Check the propeller nut is tightened and the split pin is	Tighten or replace
	present.	
Installation of	Check all the bolts attaching the motor to the boat.	Tighten
Motor	· Check the thrust rod installation.	Replace if necessary
Power Trim &	· Check working of the tilt up and down of the motor.	Repair
TIIC	Check that cooling water is discharged from the cooling	Repair
Cooling Water	water check port after the engine has started.	Керап
	Check that there are tools and spare parts for replacing spark	Order
Tools and	plugs, the propeller, etc.	Order
Spares	Check that you have the spare stop switch lock.	Order
Steering	Check the operation of the steering handle.	Repair
Devices		

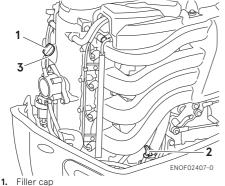
Item	Points to Check	Remedy		
Other perts	· Check if the anode is securely installed.	Repair if necessary		
Other parts	· Check the anode for corrosion and deformation.	Replace		

ENOM01823-0

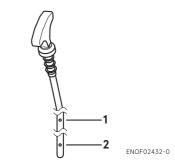
Oil level checking

If the oil level is low, or too high, the life of the engine will be shortened significantly.

- 1. Stop the engine and place the outboard motor in a vertical position.
- 2. Turn the top cowl hook levers to unlock, lift and remove the top cowl.
- 3. After the engine has been shut off 5 minutes, remove the dipstick and wipe oil off with a clean cloth.
- 4. Insert the dipstick to the hole completely.
- 5. Remove the dipstick. Oil level must be between the upper limit and lower limit shown on the dipstick.
- 6. If the oil level is below the lower limit. add the oil to between the upper and lower limit mark on the dipstick.



- 2. Dipstick
- 3. Filler port



- 1. Upper limit 4200 mL (4.4/3.7 US/Imp gt.)
- 2. Lower limit 2200 mL (2.3/1.9 US/Imp. at.)

ENON00024-0

Note

The oil level should be checked when the engine is cooled.

ENON00025-0

Note

Consult with an authorized dealer if the engine oil is milky color, or appears contaminated.

Engine oil replenishing

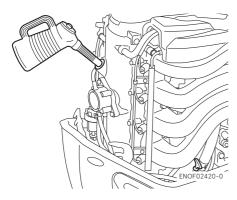
FNOW00972-0

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not add or mix different brands of engine oil or grade with existing oil. In case engine oil of other brand or grade is added, drain all oil and ask dealer for treatment.
- In case other than engine oil such as gasoline is put in the oil chamber, empty the chamber and ask dealer for treatment.
- When replenishing engine oil, be careful not to allow entry of foreign matters such as dust and water into oil chamber.

- Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.
- Do not replenish engine oil over upper limit. If overfilled, remove oil to upper limit. If engine oil is over the upper limit, it can leak potentially leading to engine damage.

If the oil level is low, or at lowest mark, add recommended oil to the middle dipstick mark.



ENOM00083-1

Washing outboard motor

ENOW00920-0

A CAUTION

When washing the outboard motor, be careful not to spray the water inside of the top cowl, especially electrical components.

ENON00026-0

Note

It is recommended to check chemical properties of water on which your outboard motor is regularly used.

If outboard motor is used in salt water, brackish water or water with a high acidic level, use fresh water to remove salt.

chemicals or mud. And flush cooling water passage after every cruising or before storing outboard motor for long time. Before flushing, remove the propeller and the forward thrust holder.

ENOM00085-G

Flushing hose joint

ENOW00921-0



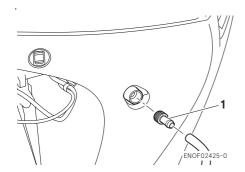
Do not operate the engine when flushing the outboard motor with a hose joint as this can cause damage to the outboard motor.

ENOW00922-0

↑ CAUTION

To prevent the engine from starting when you are near the propeller, remove the stop switch lock.

- Tilt down the outboard motor.
- Remove the flushing connector cap from the outboard motor, and screw in the hose.
- Turn on the water and adjust the flow.
 Continue flushing the outboard motor for 3 to 5 minutes
- 4. After the flushing, be sure to reattach the flushing connector cap.
- 5. Tilt up the outboard motor.



1. Hose joint (except US and Canada)

ENOM00085-A

Flushing by test tank

ENOW00081-0

⚠ WARNING

Do not start engine without removing propeller, or accidentally turning propeller could cause personal injury.

ENOW00082-0

⚠ WARNING

Never start or operate the engine indoors or in any space which is not well ventilated. Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which can be fatal if inhaled for any length of time.

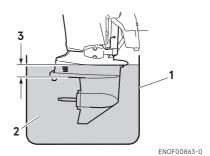
FNOW00036-A

↑ CAUTION

When the engine is started in the test tank, to avoid over heating and water pump damage, be sure the water level is at least 10 cm (4 in.) above the anti ventilation plate.

And be sure to remove the propeller, when starting the engine in the test tank. (See page 74)

Run the engine only at idling.



- 1. Test tank
- 2. Water
- 3. Over 10 cm (4 in.)

ENOM00950-0

Fuse replacement

FNOW00923-0

⚠ CAUTION

Before replacing a fuse, disconnect the battery cable from the battery negative (-) terminal. Failure to do so may cause a short-circuit.

ENOW00924-0

A CAUTION

Never use a fuse with a rating that exceeds the specified rating as this could cause serious damage to the electrical system.

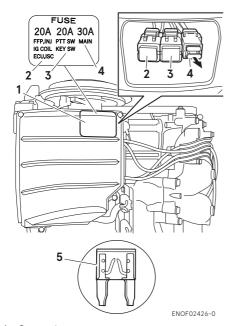
If a blown fuse is detected, try to determine the cause for this and correct it. If the cause for the problem is not corrected, the fuse will likely blow again.

If the fuse continues to blow, request an

If the fuse continues to blow, request an authorized Tohatsu dealer to inspect the outboard motor.

ENOM01816-0

- Stop the engine and disconnect the baterry cable from the battery (-) negative.
- 2. Turn the top cowl hook levers to unlock, lift and remove the top cowl.
- 3. Remove the grommet from the electric bracket cover.
- 4. Remove the fuse cover.
- Remove the fuse and check it. If the fuse is blown, replace to the supplied spare fuses in the spare fuse holder.



- 1. Grommet
- **2.** 20A
- **3.** 20A
- **4.** 30A
- 5. Blown fuse

ENOM00090-0

2. Periodic Inspection

It is important to inspect and maintain your outboard motor regularly. At each interval on the chart below, be sure to perform the indicated servicing.

Maintenance intervals should be determined according to the number of hours or number of months, whichever comes first.

Description		Inspection intervals						
		First 20 hours of 1 month	Every 50 hours of 3 months	Every 100 hours of 6 months	Every 200 hours of 1 year	Every 400 hours of2 year	Inspection procedure	Remarks
	Fuel filter			•/0			Check and clean or Replace if necessary. (See page 72)	
	High pressure fuel filter				O Replace		Replace (Every 200 hours or 2 years)	
	High pressure fuel hose	•/0	•/0				Check / Replace if necessary	
Fuel System	Fuel tank	•/0	•/0				Check and clean (See page 72)	
	Fuel tank cap	•/0	●/○				Check/Replace if necessary.	
	Fuel pump					0	Check/Replace if necessary.	
	Fuel pressure				0		Check	
	Hose	●/○	●/○				Check/Replace if necessary.	
Ignition System	Spark plug			•			Check and clean. (See page 76)	0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 in)
	Spark plug cap/High tension cord	0		0			Check/Replace if necessary.	
Starting	Starter motor				0		Check	
System	Battery/Cable connection	0	0				Check	
	Engine oil	• Replace		• Replace			Replace. (See page 64)	Approx 4200 mL (4.44 US qt.) with filter replacement)
	Oil filter	O Replace			O Replace		Replace every 200 hrs or 1 years (See page 71)	
	Oil strainer				0		Check and clean	
Engine	Valve Clearance				0		Check and adjust	IN: 0.10-0.20 mm (0.0039 - 0.0079 in) EX: 0.15-0.25 mm (0.0059 - 0.0098 in)
	Timing belt				0		Check/Replace if necessary.	
	Compression pressure				0		Check	
	Combustion chamber					0	Clean	
	Thermostat			0			Check / Replace if necessary	

^{*&}quot;•" This procedure can be performed by end user.

^{*&}quot;o" This procedure shall be carried out by the dealer.

	Inspection intervals							
Description		First 20 hours of 1 month	Every 50 hours of 3 months	Every 100 hours of 6 months	Every 200 hours of 1 year	Every 400 hours of 2 year	Inspection procedure	Remarks
Lower Unit	Propeller	•	•				Check/Replace if necessary. (Seepage 74)	
	Shear pin/Split pin	•	•				Check/Replace if necessary	
	Gear oil	• Replace	•	• Replace			Change and replace. (See page 73)	Approx.1000 mL (34 fl.oz.)
	Water strainer	•	•				Check	
	Water pump impeller		•/0		O Replace		Check/Replace if necessary.	
	Water pump housing*1					0	Check/Replace if necessary.	
	Throttle cable			•			Check/Replace if necessary.	
Shift/	Throttle link	0	0				Check and adjust.	
Throttle	Shift cable		0				Check/Replace if necessary.	
	Shift link	0	0				Check and adjust.	
Power trim &	tilt	●/○		●/○			Check & replenish	
Warning syste	em		0				Check	
Stop switch		•	•				Check	
Meters		0	0				Check	
Bolt, Nut		0	0				Retighten	
Sliding Part/F	Rotation part	•	•				Apply grease. (See page 80)	
Grease nipple		•	•				Pump in grease	
Outer equipment		•	•				Check	
Anode (engin	Anode (engine)			0			Check/Replace if necessary.	
Anode (excep	ot for engine)		•/0				Check/Replace if necessary.	
Top cowl/Rat	ch				●/○		Check and adjust.	

^{*&}quot;•" This procedure can be performed by end user.

ENON00030-0

Note

Your outboard motor should receive careful, and complete inspection at 300 hours. This is the best time for major maintenance procedures to be carried out.

ENOM00091-A

Engine oil replacement

FNOW00091-0



You may be injured due to high engine temperatures if you fill engine oil just after stopping. Changing engine oil should be done after the engine has been cooled. ENOW00092-A



- Do not overfill engine oil, or engine oil could leak and/or engine could be damaged. If engine oil level is over upper limit marks of oil gauge, drain oil to level lower than upper limit.
- Be sure that outboard motor is in upright and level position when checking or changing oil.

^{*&}quot;o" This procedure shall be carried out by the dealer.

- Stop engine immediately if low oil pressure warning lamp is lit or oil leak is found, or engine could be severely damaged. Consult dealer.
- Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENOW00090-0

⚠ CAUTION

Use of engine oils that do not meet these requirements will result in reduced engine life, and other engine problems.

ENOW00933-0

⚠ CAUTION

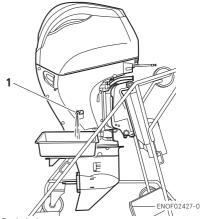
Engine oil mixed with dust or water will dramatically shorten the life of the engine.

ENOM01814-0

To change engine oil:

Be sure to use recommended engine oil.

- Stop the engine and leave it in a vertical position over 5 minutes.
- 2. Repeat full tilt up and tilt down a few times.
- 3. Place the outboard motor in a vertical position.
- 4. Put an oil drain pan under the oil drain bolt.
- 5. Remove the oil drain bolt and completely drain oil from the engine.



- 1. Drain hole
- Apply oil on the sealing surface of the drain bolt. Tighten the bolt with a new gasket.

Oil drain screw specified torque

24 N·m (17 ft·lb, 2.4 kgf·m)

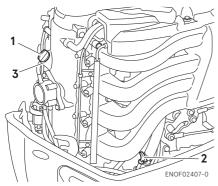
ENON00028-A

Note

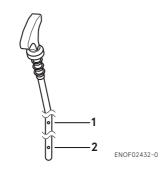
If a torque-wrench is not available when you are fitting a oil filter, a good estimate of the correct torque is 3/4 to 1 a turn past finger-tight. Have the oil filter adjusted to the correct torque as soon as possible with a torque-wrench.

- 7. Turn the top cowl hook levers to unlock, lift and remove the top cowl.
- Fill the engine through the filler port with the recommended oil to between the upper and lower limit mark on the dipstick.
- 9. Tighten the oil filler cap.
- Leave the outboard motor for 5 minutes and check oil level on the dipstick. Add oil if necessary.
- 11. Insert the dipstick to the hole completely and install the top cowl.

12. Start the engine and idling for 5 minuets, then check for no oil leaks and no warning indicate.



- 1. Oil filler cap
- 2. Dipstick
- 3. Filler port



- 1. Upper limit 4200 mL (4.4/3.7 US/Imp qt.)
- 2. Lower limit 2200 mL (2.3/1.9 US/Imp. qt.)

ENON00920-0 Note

Use only recommended engine oil (See page 29)

Oil volume needed for complete oil replacement					
With oil filter replacement	Without oil filter replacement				
Approximately 4200 mL (4.4/3.7 US/Imp. qt.)	Approximately 4000 mL (4.2/3.5 US/Imp. qt.)				

ENOW00925-0

A CAUTION

Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENON00031-0

Note

- If any amount of water is found in engine oil, making it milky white, consult dealer.
- If engine oil is contaminated with fuel, emitting strong fuel smell, consult dealer.
- Some oil dilution is normal if engine is idled or trolled for long periods, especially in cooler water temperatures.

ENOM00092-A

Oil filter replacement

ENOW00091-0

A CAUTION

You may be injured due to high engine temperatures if you fill engine oil just after stopping. Changing engine oil should be done after the engine has been cooled.

ENOW00926-0

A CAUTION

Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

- 1. Drain oil from the engine.
- 2. Place a rag or towel below the oil filter to absorb any spilled oil.
- 3. Unscrew old filter by turning the filter to counter clockwise.

Do not use grease.

Install oil filter and tighten it to specified torque by using oil filter wrench.

Oil filter torque:

18 N·m (13 ft·lb, 1.8 kgf·m)

ENON00028-A

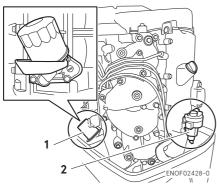
Note

If a torque-wrench is not available when you are fitting a oil filter, a good estimate of the correct torque is 3/4 to 1 a turn past finger-tight. Have the oil filter adjusted to the correct torque as soon as possible with a torque-wrench.



ENOF00094-0

1. Oil filter wrench P/N 3AC-99090-0 P/N 3AC99090M (US. CANADA Only)



- 1. Oil filter
- 2. Fuel filter

ENOM00093-A

Fuel filters and fuel tank cleaning

ENOW00093-A

⚠ WARNING

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive.

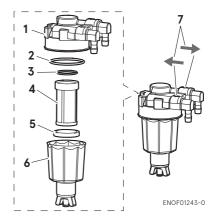
- Do not start this procedure while engine is operating or hot even after stopping it.
- Place fuel filter away from every source of ignition such as sparks or open flames.
- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.
- Install fuel filter with all related parts in place, or fuel leak could occur, leading to catching fire or explosion.
- Check fuel system regularly for leakage.
- Contact authorized dealer for fuel system services. Services by unqualified person could lead to engine damage.

Fuel filters are provided inside the fuel tank and engine.

FNOM00094-0

Fuel filter (for engine)

 Check in the cup for water and debris.



1. Body

10

- 2. O-ring
- 3. O-ring
- 4. Filter
- 5. Float
- 6. Cup
- 7. Indication of Fuel Flow.
- If present, disconnect hoses from the fuel connector (male) and the fuel pump.
- 3. Remove the cup, filter and O-rings from the fuel filter body.
- 4. Check the wear and clogging for each parts, and replace if necessary.
- 5. Remove fuel and any water or debris from the cup, filter and hoses.
- 6. Reassemble all parts.

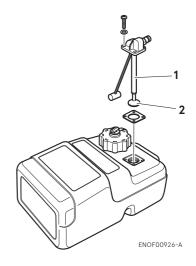
FNOM00096-A

Fuel filter (for fuel tank)

Water or dirt in the fuel tank will cause engine performance problems.

Check and clean the tank at specified times or after the outboard motor has been stored for a long period of time (over three months).

- Remove four screws to remove the Fuel Pick-Up.
- 2. Clean the fuel filter and replace the gasket.
- 3. Reassemble all parts.



- 1. Fuel pick-up
- 2. Filter

FNOM00098-A

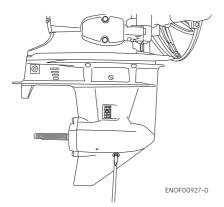
Gear oil replacement

ENOW00094-0

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure that outboard motor is secured to transom or service stand, or accidental drop or fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Be sure to lock outboard motor if it is tilted up, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Do not go under outboard motor tilted up and locked, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- 1. Tilt down the outboard motor.
- Remove the oil plugs (lower and upper), and completely drain the gear oil into a pan.



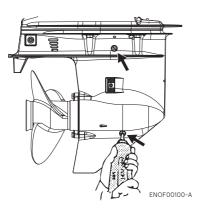


3. Insert the oil tube nozzle into the lower oil plug hole, and fill with gear oil by squeezing the oil tube until oil flows out of the upper plug hole and bubbles is disappeared to remove the air.

ENON00033-0

Note

Use genuine gear oil or the recommended one (API GL-5: SAE #80 to #90). Required volume: approx. 1000 mL.



4. Install the upper oil plug, and then remove oil tube nozzle and install the lower oil plug.

Oil plug specified tightening torque 4N·m (3 ft·lb, 0.4 kgf·m)

ENOW00095-0

⚠ CAUTION

Do not reuse oil plug gasket. Always use new gasket and tighten oil plug properly to prevent entry of water into lower unit.



ENOW00928-0

⚠ CAUTION

Wipe off gear oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENON00032-0

Note

If water in the oil, giving it a milky colored appearance. Contact your dealer.

Propeller replacement

ENOW00084-0

 Do not begin propeller removal and installation procedure with spark plug caps attached, shift in forward or reverse, main switch at other than "OFF", engine

10

stop switch lock attached to the switch, and starter key attached, or engine could accidentally start leading to serious personal injury. Disconnect battery cable if possible.

 The propeller edge is thin and sharp. Wear the gloves during replacement to protect your hands.

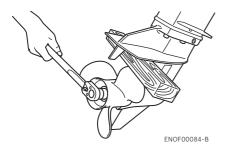
ENOW00086-0

A CAUTION

- Do not install propeller without thrust holder, or propeller boss could be damaged.
- Do not reuse split pin.
- After installing split pin, spread the pin apart to prevent it from falling out which could lead to the propeller coming off during operation.

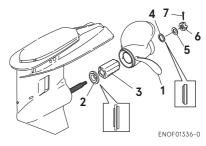
A worn-out or bent propeller will lower the motor's performance, and cause engine trouble.

 Put a piece of wood block between propeller blade and anti-ventilation plate to hold propeller.



- 2. Remove the split pin, propeller nut and washer.
- 3. Remove the propeller and thrust holder.

- Apply water proof grease to the propeller shaft before installing a new propeller.
- 5. Install the thrust holder, propeller, stopper, washer and propeller nut onto the shaft.

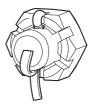


- 1. Propeller
- 2. Thrust holder
- 3. Bush
- 4. Stopper
- 5. Washer
- 6. Nut
- 7. Split pin
- Tighten the propeller nut to specified torque, and align one of grooves to propeller shaft hole.

Propeller nut torque:

35 N·m (25 ft·lb, 3.5kgf·m)

7. Install a new split pin into the nut hole and bend it.



ENOF00084-E

FNOMOOO87-D

Spark plugs replacement

ENOW00087-0

⚠ WARNING

- Do not reuse spark plug with damaged insulation, or sparks can leak through crack, potentially leading to electric shock, explosion and/or fire.
- Do not touch spark plugs immediately after stopping engine as they will be hot and could cause severe burns if touched.
 Allow motor to cool down first.

ENOW00929-A

⚠ CAUTION

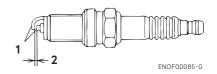
- Use only the recommended spark plugs.
 Spark plugs which have an different heat range may cause engine damage.
- Do not clean electrodes of iridium spark plug. If it is contaminated with carbon deposit or dirt, replace with a new one.
- Do not adjust the plug gasp, if it is out of specification, replace with a new one.

If the spark plug(s) is fouled, has carbon build up, or is worn, it should be replaced.

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the top cowl.
- 3. Remove the spark plug caps.
- Remove the spark plugs by turning it counter-clockwise, using a 5/8" (16 mm) socket wrench and handle that is provided in tool bag.
- Inspect the spark plug. Replace the spark plug if the electrodes are worn or if the insulators are cracked or chipped.

6. Measure the spark plug electrode gap with a wire type feeler gauge. The gap should be 0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 in). If the gap is different, replace the spark plug with a new one

Use spark plug; NGK LKR6E



- 1. Electrode
- 2. Spark gap (0.8-0.9 mm, 0.031-0.035 in)
- 7. Install the spark plug and turn it carefully to avoid cross-threading.
- 8. Tighten the spark plug to the specified torque.

ENON00028-0

Note

Spark plug torque: 18.0 N·m (13.3 ft·lb) [1.84 kgf·m]

If a torque-wrench is not available when you are fitting a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 to 1/2 a turn past finger-tight. Have the spark plug adjusted to the correct torque as soon as possible with a torque-wrench.

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ENOM00088-A

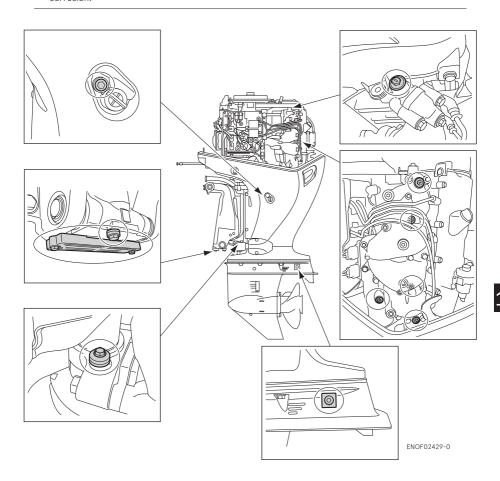
Anode replacement

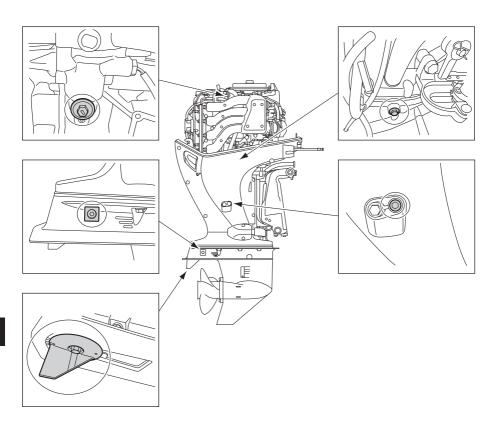
A sacrificial anode protects the outboard motor from electrolytic corrosion. Anode is located on the gear case, cylinder etc.. When the anode is eroded more than 1/3 of original size, replace it.

ENON00029-0

Notes

- Never grease or paint the anode.
- At each inspection re-tighten the anode attaching bolt. As it is likely to be subjected to electrolytic corrosion.





ENOF02434-0

ENOM01824-0

Power Trim & Tilt fluid checking

ENOW00088-0

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure that outboard motor is secured to transom or service stand, or accidental drop or fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Be sure to lock outboard motor if it is tilted up, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Do not go under outboard motor tilted up and locked, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.

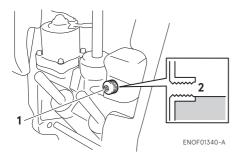
ENOW00973-0

⚠ CAUTION

Do not unscrew the filler cap with the outboard motor tilted down. Pressurized fluid in the reservoir tank may spurt out.

Check the fluid level in the reservoir tank while the tank is kept in a vertical position.

- 1. Tilt the outboard motor up and lock the tilt with the tilt stopper.
- 2. Remove the fluid cap by turning counter clockwise, then check if the fluid level reaches the bottom line of the fill hole.



- 1. Filler cap
- 2. Fluid level

Recommended fluid

Use an automatic transmission fluid or equivalent.

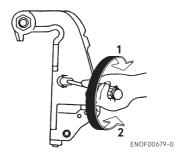
Recommended power trim & tilt fluid:

ATF Dexron III

Air purging from the Power Trim and Tilt unit.

Entrapped air in the Power Trim & Tilt unit will cause poor tilting movement and increased noise.

- With the outboard motor mounted on the boat, set the manual release valve to the Manual side, and tilt the outboard motor manually up/down 5-6 times while checking the fluid level.
- 2. When done, close the valve by turning it clockwise towards the Power side.



- 1. POWER
- 2. MANUAL

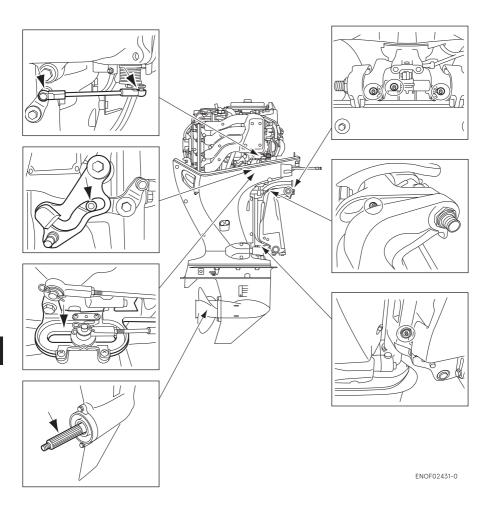
Manual relief valve specified torque:

3 N-m (2.2 ft-lb, 0.3 kgf-m)

ENOM00960-0

Grease point

Apply water proof grease to the parts shown below.



1 M

ENOM00100-A

3. Off-season storage

FNOW00934-0

MARNING

- Be sure to disconnect fuel connector except when operating engine.
- Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.

ENOW00097-0

⚠ WARNING

Be sure to use cloth to remove fuel remaining in the cowl and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENOW00096-0

A CAUTION

Before servicing the motor for storage:

- Remove the battery cables.
- Remove the spark plug caps from the spark plugs.
- Do not run the motor out of the water.

Before you put your outboard motor in storage, it is a good opportunity to have it serviced and prepared by your dealer. Be sure to use fuel stabilizer while running the motor before storage. (See page 82)

ENOM00101-A

Engine

 Wash the engine exterior and flush the cooling water system thoroughly with fresh water. Drain the water completely.

Wipe off any surface water with an oily rag.

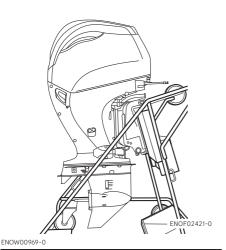
- Use a dry cloth to completely wipe off water and salt from the electrical components.
- Drain all fuel from the fuel hoses, fuel pump, fuel filter (See page 72) and vapor separator (See page 83), and clean these parts.

Keep in mind that if gasoline is kept in the vapor separator for a long time, gum and varnish will develop, causing the float valve to stick, restricting the fuel flow.

ENOW00930-0

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure to remove stop switch lock to prevent ignited the spark plugs.
- Put a cloth to spark plug hole and wipe up any spilled engine oil, when cranking the outboard motor.
- 4. Change the engine oil (See page 69).
- 5. Change the gear oil in the gear case (See page 73).
- 6. Apply grease to grease point (See page 80).
- 7. Stand the outboard motor up vertically in a dry place.



A CAUTION

When transporting or storing the outboard motor, it places only in a vertical position (normal running position).

ENOM00950-0

Adding a fuel stabilizer

When adding a fuel stabilizer additive (commercially available), first fill the fuel tank with fresh fuel. If the fuel tank is only partially filled, air in the tank can cause the fuel to deteriorate during storage.

- 1. Before adding fuel stabilizer additive, drain the vapor separator (See page 83).
- 2. Follow the instructions on the label when adding the fuel stabilizer additive.
- 3. After adding the additive, let the outboard motor run in the water for 10 minutes to make sure any old fuel in the fuel system has been completely replaced by the fuel with additive.

4. Turn the engine OFF

ENON00945-0

Note

Over time, oxidation of gasoline can form buildup of harmful solids called gums. Water and impurities in the fuel system can cause corrosion. To stabilize the fuel and prevent oxidation, gum buildup, and corrosion throughout the boating season, recommended to add a good fuel stabilizer to the fuel tank after each fill up.

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ENOM00970-0

Fuel system draining

ENOW00028-A

⚠ WARNING

For details on handling fuel, contact an authorized dealer.

Fuel and fuel vapors are extremely flammable and can be explosive.

- If fuel is spilled, wipe it up immediately.
- Keep the fuel tank well away from sources of ignition, e.g. sparks or open flames
- Perform all work outdoors or in a well ventilated place.

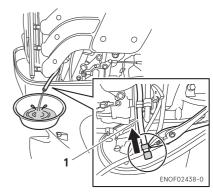
ENOW00097-0

⚠ WARNING

Be sure to use cloth to remove fuel remaining in the cowl and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENOM01824-0

- 1. Disconnect the fuel hose from the outboard motor.
- 2. Turn the top cowl hook levers to unlock, lift and remove the top cowl.
- 3. Pull out the vapor separator drain hose to outside the bottom cowl.
- 4. Place an appropriate fuel container under the drain hose end.
- 5. Remove the hose clip and the drain plug by plier to drain the fuel from the vapor separator.
- When thoroughly drained, put back the drain plug and the hose clip securely.
- Check the drained fuel for the presence of water or other contaminants.
 Consult your dealer, If either present.
 Service is required.



1. Drain hose

ENOM00102-0

Battery

ENOW00931-A

⚠ WARNING

- Place the battery away from any source of fire, sparks and open flames such as burners or welding equipment.
- Place the battery away from fuel tank. Accidental sparks of battery may cause explosion of gasoline.
- Disconnect the battery cables and be sure to remove the negative terminal first.
- Wipe off any chemical deposits, dirt, or grease.
- 3. Apply grease to the battery terminals.
- 4. Charge the battery completely before storing it for the winter.
- 5. Recharge the battery once a month to prevent it from discharging and the electrolyte from deteriorating.
- 6. Store the battery in a dry place.

.

ENOM01825-0

4. Pre-season check

The following steps must be taken when first using the engine after off-season storage.

- Check that the shift and throttle function properly. (Be sure to turn the propeller shaft when checking the shift function or else the shift linkage may be damaged.)
- Check the electrolyte level, and measure the voltage and specific gravity of the battery.

Specific Grav- ity at 20°C	Terminal Voltage (V)	Charge Condition
1.120	10.5	Fully discharged
1.160	11.1	1/4 charged
1.210	11.7	1/2 charged
1.250	12	3/4 charged
1.280	13.2	Fully charged

- Check that the battery is secure and the battery cables are properly installed.
- 4. Change the engine oil (See page 69).
- 5. Fill fuel tank completely.
- 6. Start the engine and warm up the engine for 3 minutes in the "NEU-TRAL" position.
- 7. Run the engine for 5 minutes at the slowest speed.
- Run the engine for 10 minutes at half throttle. The oil used for storage inside the engine will be circulated out to assure optimum performance.

ENOM01811-0

5. Submerged outboard motor

FNOW00098-0

A CAUTION

Do not attempt to start submerged outboard motor immediately after it is recovered, or engine could be severely damaged.

After taking your outboard motor out of the water, immediately take it to your dealer.

ENOM00106-A

6. Cold weather precautions

If you moor your boat in cold weather at temperatures below 0°C (32°F), there is the danger of remained water freezing in the cooling water pump, which may damage the pump, impeller, etc. To avoid this problem, submerge the lower half of the outboard motor into the water.

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ENOM00107-A

7. Striking underwater object

FNOW00935-0

A CAUTION

Striking the sea bottom or an underwater object may severely damage the outboard motor.

Follow the procedure below and consult a dealer as soon as possible.

- 1. Stop the engine immediately.
- 2. Check the control system, gear case, boat transom etc.
- 3. Return to the nearest harbor slowly and carefully.
- 4. Consult a dealer check the outboard motor before operation again.



ENOM00121-0

8. Operation with multiple outboard motors

When operating the outboard motors in reverse at more than the lowest speed, be sure that all engines are running. If any engine has stopped, be sure to tilt the outboard motor up and keep its propeller out of the water.

Otherwise, water could enter the engine and cause damage to it.

■ TROUBLESHOOTING

ENOM00108-0

If you encounter a problem, consult the check list below to determine the cause and to take the proper action.

An authorized dealer will always be happy to provide any assistance and information.

	An authorized dealer will always be happy to provide any assistance and information.																
	Engine will not start.	Engine stalls immediately after starting	Defective idling	Poor acceleration	Engine speed is very high causing high speed ESG to operate.	Engine speed is very low, causing low speed ESG to operate.	Boat cannot run at high speed.	Engine overheats.	Battery is not charged.	Starter motor will not operate.	Power tilt will not operate.	Warning lamp A "ON"/"Flash"	Warning lamp B "Flash"	Warning lamp C "Flash"	Three warning lamps "Flash"	Warning buzzer "ON"	Possible cause
	•	•															Fuel level is low in the tank.
	•	•	•	•		•	•	•									Fuel system connection is incomplete.
	•	•	•	•		•	•	•									Fuel system sucks air.
	•	•	•	•		•	•	•									Fuel pipe is twisted.
	•	•	•	•		•	•	•									Cap vent is closed.
Fuel and Lubrication Systems	•	•	•	•		•	•	•									Fuel filter, fuel pump or injector is clogged.
tion S	•	•	•	•		•	•	•									Performance of fuel pump or vapor separator is deteriorated.
rica	•		•	•			•	•									Low quality fuel is used
Lub	•																Primer bulb is clogged.
and			•	•		•	•	•				•					Low quality engine oil is used.
Fuel			•	•													Engine oil quantity excessive (emissions of white smoke).
						•*		•				•*					Engine oil is lacking (Oil pressure switch operates).
						•*		•				•*					Oil filter is clogged (Oil pressure switch operates).
						•*		•				•*					Oil pump is defective (Oil pressure switch operates).
Ε	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Defective wiring, ground, wire disconnected or loosened.
Electrical System	•	•	•	•	İ	•	•	•									Use of spark plugs not specified.
s le	•	•	•	•		•	•										Spark plug is contaminated.
tric	•	•	•	•		•	•										No sparks or weak spark.
Elec	•									•							Stop switch short-circuited.
	•									•							Stop switch lock is not put.

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	Engine will not start.	Engine stalls immediately after starting	Defective idling	Poor acceleration	Engine speed is very high causing high speed ESG to operate.	Engine speed is very low, causing low speed ESG to operate.	Boat cannot run at high speed.	Engine overheats.	Battery is not charged.	Starter motor will not operate.	Power tilt will not operate.	Warning lamp A "ON"/"Flash"	Warning lamp B "Flash"	Warning lamp C "Flash"	Three warning lamps "Flash"	Warning buzzer "ON"	Possible cause
									•					•			Battery charging is defective, or rectifier malfunctions.
_	•								•	•	•			•			Battery is dead, connection is loose or corroded. Battery electrolyte level is low.
sten	•								•	•	•						Fuse is blown.
Electrical System	•									•							Shift lever neutral (N) position is not proper.
Electr	•									•							Start switch or main switch is defective.
	•									•							Starter motor or starter solenoid operation is defective.
	•									•	•						PTT switch or solenoid is defective.
											•						Air is mixed in PTT fluid.
	•		•	•													Low compression
stem	•	•	•	•			•										Valve timing is not correct (Belt is stretched or installed incorrectly).
ı Sy:	•	•	•	•			•										Valve clearance is defective.
ssior	•	•	•	•			•										Valve seat sealing is defective.
Compression System	•	•	•	•			•										Piston, piston ring and/or cylinder is worn excessively.
ŏ			•	•				•									Combustion chamber carbon deposition is too much
																	Spark plug is loose.

	Engine will not start.	Engine stalls immediately after starting	Defective idling	Poor acceleration	Engine speed is very high causing high speed ESG to operate.	Engine speed is very low, causing low speed ESG to operate.	Boat cannot run at high speed.	Engine overheats.	Battery is not charged.	Starter motor will not operate.	Power tilt will not operate.	Warning lamp A "ON"/"Flash"	Warning lamp B "Flash"	Warning lamp C "Flash"	Three warning lamps "Flash"	Warning buzzer "ON"	Possible cause
			•	•		•*	•	•					•*		•*	•*	Cooling water is lacking (water pump is defective or clogged).
			•	•		•*	•	•					•*		•*	•*	Thermostat operation is defective.
			•	•		•*	•	•					•		•	•	Anti-cavitation plate is damaged.
ပ				•	•	•*	•	•								•	Use of mismatched propeller.
Others			•	•	•	•*	•	•								•	Propeller is damaged or deformed.
0				•	•	•	•	•								•	Thrust rod position is not correct.
				•	•		•	•								•	Boat is unbalanced by load position.
			•	•	•		•	•								•	Transom installation height is too high or too low.
				•		•	•										Throttle link adjustment is defective.

^{*} Low speed ESG operates.

■ ACCESSORIES KIT

ENOM00109-1

The following list of the tools and spare parts provided with the motor.

	Items	Quantity	Remark
	Tool bag	1	
	Pliers	1	
	Socket wrench	1	10 × 13 mm
Service tools	Socket wrench	1	16 mm (spark plug)
	Socket wrench handle	1	
	Screwdrivers	1	Cross-and straight-point
	Screwdriver handle	1	
	Spark plug	1	NGK: LKR6E
Spare parts	Split pin	1	
	Stop switch lock	1	
	Primer bulb (without connectors)	1 set	For international models
	Rigging bolt set		
	Bolt	4	M12P1.25 x 105 mm
	Washer	4	13-34-3
	Washer	4	M12
	Nut	4	M12P1.25
Parts packaged	Cable joint set		
with engine	Cable joint	2	
	Washer	2	8.5-18-1.6
	Snap pin	2	
	Cable holder set		
	Cable holder	1	
	Bolt	1	
	Band	1	
	Drag link assy.	1	

■ PROPELLER TABLE

ENOM00111-0

Use a genuine propeller.

A propeller must be selected so that the engine RPM measured at wide open throttle while cruising is within the recommended range.

5000-6000 min⁻¹ (rpm)

	Propeller	Propeller Size (Number of	Blades x Diameter x Pitch)
	Mark	mm	in.
Light boats	13.2 x 21	3 x 335 x 533	3 x 13.2 x 21
	13.2 x 19	3 x 335 x 483	3 x 13.2 x 19
	13.25 x 17	3 x 337 x 432	3 x 13.25 x 17
	13.5 x 15	3 x 343 x 381	3 x 13.5 x 15
	13.75 x 13	3 x 349 x 330	3 x 13.75 x 13
	14 x 11	3 x 356 x 279	3 x 14 x 11
Heavy boats	14 x 9	3 x 356 x 229	3 x 14 x 9

■ EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM INFORMATION

ENOM01000-0

Emission Sources

Carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen and hydrocarbons are produced in the course of the combustion process. Controlling production of oxides of nitrogen and hydrocarbons is very important because they react to form a photochemical smog under certain conditions when subjected to sunlight. Carbon monoxide does not react in the same way, but is a toxic byproduct.

ENOM01001-0

Ignition Timing Control System

To reduce the amount of HC, CO and NOx produced, the ignition timing control system continuously adjusts the ignition timing.

ENOM01002-1

Fuel Injection system

The Fuel Injection system relies on, multiport fuel injection for both engine control and fuel control. The Engine Control Unit (ECU) has several sensors to determine how much fuel is needed for injection under all operating conditions.

ENOM01003-0

Clean Air Acts of the United States and California, and Environment Canada

EPA, California, and Canadian regulations require all manufacturers to provide written instructions that describe the operation and maintenance of commercial emission control systems.

The following instructions and procedures must be followed in order to keep the emissions from your engine within these emission standards.

ENOM01004-0

Tampering and Modifications

Tampering is a violation of the Federal Laws of the United States and California.

Tampering with or altering the emission control system could cause emissions to increase beyond legal limits. The following acts, although not all inclusive, are considered as tampering:

- Removing or modifying any part of the intake, fuel or exhaust system.
- Modifications that cause the engine to operate outside its design parameters.

ENOM01005-0

Problems that can affect emission

If you notice any of the following symptoms, have your outboard motor inspected and repaired by an authorized Tohatsu service dealer before further use.

- Hard starting or stalling immediately after starting
- Rough idling
- Misfiring/backfiring under load
- Afterburning (backfiring)
- Black exhaust smoke or increased fuel consumption

ENOM01006-0

Replacement Parts

The emission control system in your Tohatsu outboard motor has been designed, built, and certified to conform with the EPA and California emission regulations. Whenever requesting maintenance, use of Tohatsu Genuine parts is highly recommended. Tohatsu Genuine parts constitute replacement parts manufactured to the same high standards as the original parts, thus guaranteeing uninterrupted high performance of your outboard motor. The use of replacement parts other than Tohatsu Genuine parts could jeopardize the effectiveness of the emission control system.

Tohatsu, as a manufacturer of aftermarket parts, assumes the responsibility that replacement parts will not adversely affect emission performance. The manufacturer or rebuilder of the replacements parts must certify that use of the parts will not result in a failure of the engine to comply with these regulations.

ENOM00033-0

Low permeation fuel hose requirement

EQUIPPED FOR UNITED STATES AND CANADA MODEL

Required for outboards manufactured for sale, sold, or offered for sale in the United States.

 TOHATSU engine has used fuel hoses for The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires from January 1, 2011 ENOM00034-4

EPA pressurized portable fuel tank requirements

EQUIPPED FOR UNITED STATES AND CANADA MODEL

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) required portable fuel systems that are produced after January 1, 2011 for use with outboard engines to remain fully sealed (pressurized) up to 34.4 kPa (5.0 psi). These tanks may contain the following:

- An air inlet that opens to allow air to enter as the fuel is drawn out of the tank.
- An air outlet that opens (vents) to the atmosphere if pressure exceeds 34.4 kPa (5.0 psi). A hissing noise may be heard as the tank vents to the atmosphere. This is normal.
- When installing the fuel tank cap, turn the cap to the right until you hear two clicks. This signals that the fuel cap is fully seated. A built-in device prevents overtightening.
- The fuel tank has a manual vent screw which should be closed for transportation and full open for operation and cap removal.

Since sealed fuel tanks are not openly vented, they will expand and contract as the fuel expands and contracts during heating and cooling cycles of the outside air. This is normal.

ENOM00036-0

EPA approval Primer bulb/hose assembly

EQUIPPED FOR UNITED STATES AND CANADA MODEL

TOHATSU adopts Primer bulb/hose assembly approved by the Environment Protection Agency (EPA).

Please use the EPA approved primer bulb/hose assembly with the identification mark on the fuel connector.

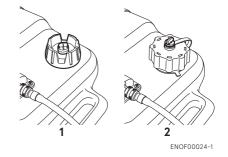


ENOF00111-0

ENOW00021-0

A CAUTION

Be sure to use EPA approved tank and EPA approved primer bulb/hose assembly as a set. Confirm shapes of EPA approved tank and regular tank.



- 1. Except for U.S. model (regular tank)
- 2. For U.S. and Canada model (EPA approved tank)

ENOM01007-0

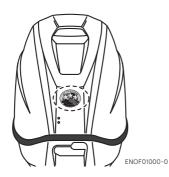
Maintenance

Follow the maintenance schedule presented on page 70. Keep in mind that this schedule is based on the assumption that the outboard motor will only be used for its intended purpose. Operation under sustained high loads or other unusual conditions will require more frequent service.

ENOM01008-0

Star label

This outboard motor is labeled with the California Air Resources Board (CARB) star label. A description of this label is presented below.





FNOM01009-0

One Star-Low Emission

One Star- Low emission The one-star label identifies engines that meet the Air

Resources Board's Personal Watercraft and Outboard marine engine 2001 exhaust emission standards.

Engines meeting these standards have 75% lower emissions than conventional carbureted two-stroke engines.

These engines are equivalent to the U.S. EPA's 2006 standards for marine engines.



FNOM01010-0

Two Stars-Very Low Emission

The two-star label identifies engines that meet the Air Resources Board's Personal Watercraft and Outboard marine engine 2004 exhaust emission standards.

Engines meeting these standards have 20% lower emissions than One Star-Low Emission engines.



FNOM01011-0

Three Stars-Ultra Low Emission

The three-star label identifies engines that meet the Air Resources Board's Personal

Watercraft and Outboard marine engine 2008 exhaust emission standards or the Sterndrive and Inboard marine engine

2003-2008 exhaust emission standards. Engines meeting these standards have 65% lower emissions than One Star-Low Emission engines.



ENOM01012-0

Four Stars-Super Ultra Low Emission

The four-star label identifies engines that meet the Air Resources Board's Sterndrive and Inboard marine engine 2009 exhaust emission standards.

Personal Watercraft and Outboard marine engines may also comply with these standards.

Engines meeting these standards have 90% lower emissions than One Star-Low Emission engines.

OWNER'S MANUAL

